

## 2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: CONSTRUCTION: GRADE 12 (TERM 1)

TERM 1	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10	
CAPS TOPICS	INTRODUCTION OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT 85 of 1993 (OHS) (GENERIC)	INTRODUCTION OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT 85 of 1993 (OHS) (GENERIC)	MATERIALS (GENERIC/SPECIFIC)	EQUIPMENT & TOOLS (GENERIC)	EQUIPMENT & TOOLS (SPECIFIC)	GRAPHICS AS MEANS OF COMMUNICATION (GENERIC)	GRAPHICS AS MEANS OF COMMUNICATION (SPECIFIC)	QUANTITIES SPECIFIC	QUANTITIES SPECIFIC	COMPLETION OF ASSIGNMENT/1ST PHASE OF PAT	
TOPICS/CONCEPTS, SKILLS AND VALUES	Application of the OHS Act pertaining to general health and safety in the workplace:  Scaffolding Handling of material Floors and stairs with open sides Builders hoist Ladders	Application of the OHS Act pertaining to general health and safety in the workplace: • Scaffolding • Handling of material • Floors and stairs with open sides • Builders hoist • Ladders	Ready mix concrete: Definition of high strength concrete (30 MPa) Advantages Disadvantages Methods of pumping concrete to higher levels in a building Testing of concrete: Equipment, purpose used, procedure and outcomes: Slump test Curing: Different materials used for curing Application of the different materials Metals: Basic properties of ferrous metals such as: Cast iron Steel Low/medium/high carbon steel Galvanised sheet metal Basic properties of the following non-ferrous metals: Aluminium Lead Zinc Copper Tin alloys (brass) Glasses (uses of glass in the built environment) Plastics: Basic properties and uses of the following plastics: Perspex PVC (polyvinylchloride) Polystyrene Silicon cladding: Purpose Materials used Methods of fixing Introduction to PAT (phase 1 and part 1 of phase 2)	Identification, proper use and care of the following:  Specialised tools:  Dumpy level Laser level Multi detector	Safe handling and care of the following construction machinery:  • Portable concrete vibrator  • Concrete mixer  • Plate compactor  • Tamping rammer  • Power trowel float	Interpretation of advanced drawings: Site plan, floor plan and elevations of multi-storey buildings Basic drawing symbols relating to the built environment in accordance with the SANS for building drawings	Detailed scale drawings of the following:  Open eaves  Closed eaves  Alternate plan courses of a one-and-a-half brick pier built in stretcher and English bond  Alternate plan courses of a one-and-a-half brick pier attached to a one brick wall in stretcher and English bond  Horizontal sections through brickwork showing how timber window and door frames are built into walls  Horizontal sections through brickwork showing how steel window and door frames are built into walls	Calculation of the quantity of all materials required for a small building with two rooms:  Concrete for foundations  Hardcore Blinding layer  DPC  DPM  Reinforcement for floor  Concrete for floor  Screed	Calculation of the quantity of all materials required for a small building with two rooms:  • Skirting  • Walls (deduct for openings)  • Doors  • Windows  • Floor covering  • Wall plate  • Roof material, including covering		School holiday

1

TERI	Л 1	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10	
	JISITE PRE- WLEDGE	Learners to visit a site where the following is used: Scaffolding, erecting of scaffolding, dismantling of scaffolding, ladders, hoist & chute	The procedure, preservation and sustainability of the following materials: Painting, curing, electroplating, powder coating	Application and uses Materials in built environment Adhesives Differentiation between types of concrete	Specialised tools and basic machinery that can be used in doors and on site	Specialised tools and basic machinery that can be used on site	Freehand sketches relevant to the super structure of a building Interpretation of drawings Scales	Different brick bonds Plan courses Freehand sketches relevant to the super structure of a building Scales	Calculate materials required for a one-room building with a door and a window, excluding the roof	Calculate materials required for a one-room building with a door and a window, excluding the roof		
THAI	DURCES (OTHER N TEXTBOOK) TO ANCE LEARNING	OK) TO to the real-life situation content		Materials as indicated in the content	Equipment and materials as indicated in the content Machinery, especially special tools Ensure that the dumpy and laser level, as well as the multi detector are practically demonstrated		Videos, YouTube, PowerPoint presentations, data projector, interactive whiteboard, etc.  Drawing equipment for learners		Calculators, tape measure, workbook with quantity layout, etc.  Site visit can be arranged to explain practical work  Basic materials must be shown as sizes are important			
ASSESSMENT	INFORMAL ASSESSMENT: REMEDIATION	Do practicals by erecting a scaffold Correct placement of a ladder against a wall Testing the slump test	Worksheets with the procedure, preservation and sustainability of materials Test on ferrous and non-ferrous metals	Do practicals: Testing of concrete – slump test, cube test.	Worksheets with ba ferrous and non-fer Taking care of tools	rous metals	Test drawings – interpretations only	Do drawings in class informally	Do informal testing be sheets on quantities Prepare worksheets the textbook	,		
	SBA FORMAL ASSESSMENT	Assignment PAT (PHASE 1 AND PART 1 OF PHASE 2) Learners should be taught and be able to understand and apply principles and concepts of each topic and should not be limited to specific specifications in the CAPS										

## 2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: CONSTRUCTION: GRADE 12 (TERM 2)

TER	12	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WE	EK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8 WEEK 9 WEEK 1		WEEK 10	
CAP	TOPICS	JOINING (GENERIC)	JOINING (SPECIFIC)	BRICKWORK (SPECIFIC)	EXCAVATION: (SPECIFIC)	S	EXCAVATIONS (SPECIFIC)	FOUNDATIONS (SPECIFIC)	CONCRETE FLOORS (SPECIFIC)	MID-YEAR EXAMINATION			
TOPICS/CONCEPTS, SKILLS AND VALUES		Identify and explain the use of  • Bolts and nuts  • Rawl bolts  • Plastic plugs  • Rawl plugs	Methods of joining the following items: Joining roof trusses to brickwork Wall plate to wall Concrete base to steel sections	Cavity walls:  Scale drawings of cavity walls showing constructional details Paving:  Ground preparation  Paving methods  Vertical section through paving showing bedding, damp proof membrane (DPM) where applicable and paving bricks  Sketches of basket weave pattern and herring bone pattern Beam filling:  Purpose  Advantages and disadvantages  Construction detail	Excavating to level site     Excavating to foundation tr     When working trenches     Scale drawing excavations	be considered: after are complete o obtain a o obtain enches ng in deep ngs of keeping from n firm ground, e following: n walling ing boards	Safety factors and regulations to be considered:  • Before and after excavations are complete  • Excavating to obtain a level site  • Excavating to obtain foundation trenches  • When working in deep trenches  • Scale drawings of keeping excavations from collapsing on firm ground, indicating the following:  • 152 x 50 mm walling boards  • 152 x 38 poling boards  • 100 x 100 mm struts	Pile foundations:  Reasons for using pile foundations  Advantages of using pile foundations  Description and methods of installing:  Precast concrete piles  Steel tube caisson piles  Driven in-situ piles  Longitudinal and cross-sectional drawings through a pile and ground beam	Rib and block floors: Preparations of walls to receive ribs Factors to be considered before, during and after installations Safety factors to be considered before, during and after installations Materials used for rib and block floors Installation procedure Advantages and disadvantages of using rib and block floors Sketches through a rib and block floor	parations of walls to sive ribs tors to be considered ore, during and after allations ety factors to be sidered before, during and r installations erials used for rib and k floors allation procedure antages and dvantages of using rib and k floors tches through a rib and			School holiday
	JISITE PRE- WLEDGE	Pre-knowledge of joining materials	Methods and identification of joining materials	Bricks and blocks Materials for a cavity wall Different walls and bonds	Excavation of trenches and a level site to work on		Excavation of trenches and a level site to work on	Pile foundations Drawings of different pile foundations	Knowledge of rib and block flooring				
THAI	OURCES (OTHER I TEXTBOOK) TO ANCE LEARNING	Materials needed in the workshop – bolts, screws, nuts, etc.	Materials needed in the workshop – bolts, screws, nuts, etc. Examples to demonstrate connection to learners	Drawing equipment Equipment and materials nee Shuttering boards for trenche	•	ut			Internet, YouTube, smartphones Materials for a rib and block floor, internet, YouTube, smartphones				
ASSESSMENT	INFORMAL ASSESSMENT: REMEDIATION	Joining of different joining	fixtures can be done	be done Informal testing by means of practical lessons Self-experiencing Dry packing of cavity walls and different paving methods  Testing – worksheets, informal Scale drawings of keeping exciground				om collapsing on firm	Worksheets – identification and uses Tests Drawings of a rib and block floor Labelling a sketch - rib and block floor Practical work to enhance learning Dry packing a rib and block floor (5 layers high)				
	SBA Mid-year examination  FORMAL ASSESSMENT Completion of term facets for phase 2 of PAT and assessment of facets  Learners should be taught and be able to understand and apply principles and concepts of each topic and should not be limited to specific specifications in the CAPS												

## 2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: CONSTRUCTION: GRADE 12 (TERM 3)

TERM	13	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10	
CAPS	TOPICS	REINFORCEMENT IN CONCRETE (SPECIFIC)	REINFORCEMENT IN CONCRETE (SPECIFIC)	CONSTRUCTION: ROOFS (SPECIFIC)	FORMWORK (SPECIFIC)	FORMWORK (SPECIFIC)	CONSTRUCTION: BRICKWORK (Specific)	STAIRCASE (SPECIFIC)	CONSTRUCTION: PLASTER AND SCREED (SPECIFIC)			
	CS/CONCEPTS, LS AND VALUES	Reinforcement in concrete:	Materials, identification and requirements that materials used for reinforcing must comply with:  • Draw sectional views of concrete beams, cantilever beams and columns to indicate reinforcement  • Minimum concrete cover  • Form oils and emulsions  • Defects that can occur in concrete due to shuttering	Scale drawings of the following types of roof trusses: SA roof truss with maximum span of 10 metres Lean-to roof Couple roof Close couple roof Collar-tie roof King post roof Spacing of roof trusses according to roof covering used Purpose and advantages of roof underlays Differentiation between purlin and battens	Properties of materials used for formwork Drawing of formwork and methods of erecting and supporting the following:  • Beams • Beam with attached floor slab • Straight flight of stairs with a landing • The use of wedges in formwork	Properties of materials used for formwork Drawing of formwork and methods of erecting and supporting the following:  • Straight flight of stairs with a landing  • The use of wedges in formwork	Beam filling:	Vertical cross-section through a straight flight of concrete staircase with a landing showing balustrade and handrail     General principles involved in designing a concrete staircase     Different profiles and methods of mounting handrails onto balusters and walls	Mix proportions of plaster     Application of plastering     Purpose of skimming of plaster     Admixtures to plaster     Alternative plaster finishes to walls:     Smooth finish     Splatter finish     Wavy surface     Bagging finish to walls     Screed:     Mix proportions of screed     Preparation of floors to receive screed     Application of screeds     Purpose of screed     Admixtures to screed		PRELIMINARY EXAMINATIONS	School Holiday
-	JISITE PRE- VLEDGE	Drawing of formwork and methods of erecting and supporting Lintels Materials for reinforcements Pre-knowledge on beams, floors and columns	Materials in built environment Steel concrete Identification, uses, sketches and properties of steel sections and reinforcement	Roof covering. Characte corrugated iron sheeting Characteristics of concre Roof underlay		Pre-knowledge of materials used for formwork  Pre-knowledge of beam filling and arches  Pre-knowledge of beam screed, mix proportions and application			A. A			
THAN	DURCES (OTHER I TEXTBOOK) TO INCE LEARNING	YouTube, wall charts	YouTube, wall charts	YouTube, wall charts	YouTube, wall charts	YouTube, wall charts	YouTube, wall charts	YouTube, wall charts				
ASSESSMENT	INFORMAL ASSESSMENT: REMEDIATION	The start of the term – question and answers	Worksheets with identification of materials only	Short tests and peer marking	Short tests and peer marking	Short tests and peer marking	Short tests and peer marking	Short tests and peer marki	ng			
ASSES	SBA FORMAL ASSESSMENT	PRELIMINARY EXAMINATIO COMPLETION OF PHASE 2 ( Learners should be taught a	OF PAT AND PAT ASSESSI		concepts of each topic ar	nd should not be limited	to specific specifications in the	e CAPS				

## 2023/24 ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS: CONSTRUCTION: GRADE 12 (TERM 4)

TERM	4	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	WEEK 9	WEEK 10		
CAPS	TOPICS	DELVICION AND DEEDADE FOR EVANINATION											
		REVISION AND PREPARE FOR EXAMINATION											
	CS/CONCEPTS,	NSC EYAMINATIONS											
SKILL	S AND VALUES	NSC EXAMINATIONS											
DEOL	HOLTE DDE												
	ISITE PRE- VLEDGE											day	
												holi	
RESO	URCES (OTHER											1001	
	TEXTBOOK) TO											Sch	
F	INFORMAL												
ME	ASSESSMENT: REMEDIATION												
ESS	REWEDIATION												
ASSESSMENT	SBA (FORMAL)												