

# CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT POLICY STATEMENT GRADE R-5 FOR LEARNERS WITH SEVERE INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY

# **CONSUMER STUDIES NEEDLEWORK GRADE 4-5**

Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement Grade R-5 for learners with Severe Intellectual Disability

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# 1 SECTION 1: INTRODUCTION TO THE CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT POLICY STATEMENT GRADES R TO 5 FOR LEARNERS WITH SEVERE INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY

#### 1.1 Background

The South African Constitution, Act 108 of 1996, enshrines the right of every child to access quality basic education without there being any form of discrimination. The Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, ratified by the Parliament of South Africa in 2007 (Article 24) requires Government to ensure that children with disabilities are able to access an inclusive, quality primary, compulsory education and secondary education on an equal basis with others in the communities in which they live and that persons with disabilities are not excluded from the general education.

There are learners participating in the General Education and Training Band who have an aptitude and interest in applied knowledge and vocational skills for whom the National Curriculum Statement, Grades R to 12 (NCS) needs to be differentiated to make it fully accessible. This would include learners with moderate to severe intellectual disability and learning difficulties. Knowledge and skills should be presented at a more functional level and at reduced depth and breadth, whilst a number of occupational subjects are also made available. They should be given an opportunity to receive an endorsed statement of achievement that is related to learning within their interest and aptitude.

This Learning Programme has been developed to respond more effectively to the needs of these learners who have been identified and assessed through the protocols outlined in the Policy on Screening, Identification, Assessment and Support of 2014. They will benefit from curriculum content that is aligned to the Foundation and Intermediate Phase of the National Curriculum Statement at a more applied and functional level in accordance with their age, interest and aptitude.

It is critical, that through flexibility and differentiated methodologies, learners enrolled for these differentiated subjects will be able to progress with regard to applied competencies, even where they might not be able to attain the minimum requirements set for the different grades. There should always be high expectations for all learners and the necessary scaffolding and learning support to master foundational competencies relevant to the specific subject. They should be in a position to demonstrate the values and practical competencies that they have mastered which will make it possible for them to progress to either the Technical Occupational pathway or the world of work.

The learning programme is structured in such a way that it makes provision for a wide spectrum of learners with moderate to severe intellectual disability and learning difficulties across the age span. It is aimed at the full development of their human potential and sense of dignity and self-worth. It also allows for the development of their personality, talents and creativity, as well as their mental and physical abilities, cultural, social, environmental and economic competencies to their fullest potential with a view to enabling them to participate effectively and independently in a free society as adults (Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, 2006 and the White Paper on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, 2015).

The learning programme for CSPID should be consulted in cases where a learner enters the CAPS Grades R – 5 for learners with Severe Intellectual Disability (SID) programme at a level where they require bridging to join the appropriate grade. The CSPID learning programme will provide a framework for educators to design down to ensure that there is a smooth transition into the SID learning programme.

The introduction of this Learning Programme within the National Curriculum Statement is aimed at strengthening of respect for human rights, fundamental freedoms and human diversity. It will provide learners in ordinary and in special schools across the range of competencies and aptitudes with conditions that ensure dignity, promote self-reliance and facilitate active participation in the school and in the community and offer the opportunity to obtain a recognised and accredited statement of achievement.

#### 1.2 Overview

Through the policy document the Minister of Basic Education will be able to prescribe the minimum norms and standards for differentiated education in the General Education and Training band.

The following legal framework will be adhered to:

- (i) The United Nations Convention on the Rights of People with Disabilities adopted by the United Nation general Assembly on 13 December 2006 and ratified by the South African parliament on 5 June 2007;
- (ii) The White Paper on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (2015);
- (iii) The National Education Policy Act (Act 27 of 1996);
- (iv) The South African Schools Act (Act 84 of 1996);
- (v) The National Curriculum Statement, Grades R to 12 (2011);
- (vi) The South African National Curriculum Framework for Children from Birth to Four (2015);
- (vii) National Early Learning and Development Standards for Children Birth to Four Years (NELDS) (2009);
- (viii) Section 11 of the Children's Act (Act 31 of 2005);
- (ix) Chapter 5, section 76 of the Children's Act as amended (2007);
- (x) Education White Paper 6 on Special Needs Education: Building an Inclusive Education and Training System (2001);
- (xi) Continuing Education and Training Act (2006 as amended by Act No 3 of 2012 and Act No 1 of 2013);
- (xii) Standards and Quality Assurance for General and Further Education and Training (June 2008, Revised April 2013);
- (xiii) Umalusi's Quality Assurance of Assessment: Directives, Guidelines and Requirements;
- (xiv) Guidelines to Ensure Quality Education and Support in Special Schools and Special School Resource Centres (2014);
- (xv) Policy on Screening, Identification, Assessment and Support (SIAS) (2014);
- (xvi) Guidelines for Responding to Diversity in the Classroom (2012);
- (xvii) National Protocol on Assessment (2011), specifically Chapter 9;
- (xviii) National Policy Pertaining to Promotion and Progression Requirements (2011);
- (xix) Learning Programme for Children with Severe to Profound Intellectual Disability.

- 1.3 General aims of the Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement Grades R to 5 for learners with Severe Intellectual Disability
- (a) The National Curriculum Statement Grades R to 9 gives expression to the knowledge, skills, values and attitudes worth learning in South African schools. This curriculum aims at removing the barriers that make it difficult for learners with moderate to severe intellectual disability and learning difficulties to access the curriculum. It will enable them to acquire and apply knowledge and skills in ways that are meaningful to their own lives. In this regard, the curriculum promotes knowledge in local contexts, while being sensitive to global imperatives.
- (b) The Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement (CAPS) Grades R to 5 for learners with Severe Intellectual Disability serves the purpose of:
- Equipping learners, irrespective of their socio-economic background, race, gender, physical ability or intellectual ability, with the knowledge, skills and values necessary for self-fulfilment, and meaningful participation in society as citizens of a free country;
- Facilitating the transition of learners from education institutions to either protective or open employment;
- Providing employers with a sufficient profile of a learner's competences;
- Being sensitive to issues of diversity such as poverty, inequality, race, gender, language, age, and other factors;
- Valuing indigenous knowledge systems: acknowledging the rich history and heritage of this country as important contributors to nurturing the values contained in the Constitution; and
- Credibility, quality and efficiency: providing an education that is comparable in quality, breadth and depth to those of other countries.
- (c) The curriculum is based on the following principles:
- Social transformation: ensuring that the educational imbalances of the past are redressed, and that equal educational opportunities are provided for all sections of the population;
- Active learning: encouraging an active approach to multi-sensory learning;
- Attainment of realistic, but high knowledge and skills levels: the minimum standards of knowledge and skills to be achieved at each grade are specified and set high, achievable standards in all subjects;

- Progression: content and context of each grade shows progression from simple to complex;
- Human rights, inclusivity, environmental and social justice: infusing the principles and practices of social and environmental justice and human rights as defined in the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa.
- (d) Inclusivity should become a central part of the organisation's planning and teaching at each school. All teachers should have a sound understanding of how to recognise and address severe intellectual barriers to learning, and how to plan for diversity. The key to managing inclusivity is ensuring that barriers are identified and addressed by all the relevant support structures within the school community, including teachers, District-Based Support Teams, School-based Support Teams, parents and Special Schools as Resource Centres. To address barriers in the classroom, teachers should use various curriculum differentiation strategies such as those included in the Department of Basic Education's Guidelines for Responding to Learner Diversity in the Classroom (2011).
- 1.3.1 The aims of the Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement Grades R to 5 for learners with severe intellectual disability

The specific aims of the CAPS Grades R to 5 for learners with Severe Intellectual Disability are to:

- Give recognition to learners who would follow the curriculum, irrespective if they meet the requirements and achieve the competencies as specified in the learning programmes;
- Provide a foundation of quality, standardised general education which will suit the needs of these learners and help prepare them to be more independent and better equipped for life after school. It may also enable the learners to enter a Technical Occupational curriculum;
- Promote Lifelong learning to enable learners to continue with further learning and skills development in sheltered or open employment;
- Prepare learners to function better in a fully inclusive society and employment; and
- Provide employers with a profile of the learner's competence.

#### 1.3.1.1 Learners successfully completing the curriculum will be able to:

- Identify, select, understand and apply knowledge to the intended purpose and identify solutions to problems in the field of study;
- Demonstrate the necessary applied knowledge and skills identified for competence in a subject, as specified in the curriculum;
- Demonstrate knowledge and skills gained for purpose of formal communication and basic numerical operations;
- Use technology effectively and
- Demonstrate entrepreneurial skills that will enable them to create their own work in the contexts in which they live.

## 1.4 Subjects and time allocation

Instructional time for the Learning Programmes is 27½ hours in a five day cycle;

Subjects General Educ	ation	Time
Languages Home Langua	ge	5 – 14 years = 10 hours 14 – 18 years = 6 hours
First additional	language	14 – 18 year = 2 hours
Mathematics		5 – 14 years = 5 hours 14 – 18 years = 3 hours
	Life Skills – Personal and Social Wellbeing	5 – 14 years = 8 hours 14 – 18 years = 5 hours
	Physical Education	1 hour
Life Skills	Creative Arts	5 – 14 years = 3½ hours 14 – 18 years = 1 hour
	Natural Sciences	1½ hours
Skills subjects	S	14 – 18 years = 8 hours

Subjects	Time
CAPS Grades R to 5 for learners with severe intellectual disability:  Electives	
Agricultural Studies	
Art and Crafts	
Civil Technology: Bricklaying and Plastering	
Civil Technology: Plumbing	
Civil Technology: Woodworking and Timber	
Consumer Studies: Food Production	
Consumer Studies: Needlework	
Hospitality Studies	
Mechanical Technology: Body Works: Panel Beating and or Spray Painting	8 hours
Mechanical Technology: Motor Mechanics	
Mechanical Technology: Welding	
Office Administration	
Personal Care: Ancillary Health Care	
Personal Care: Beauty and Nail Technology	
Personal Care: Hairdressing and Beauty Care	
Service Technology: Maintenance	
Total: General and Skills subjects	27½

The following table proposes the learner progression across the years in the curriculum.

Grades R – 3	Grades 4 – 5		
General Education	General Education		
Home Language	Home Language		
	First Additional Language		
Mathematics	Mathematics		
Life Skills	Life Skills		
<ul> <li>Personal and Social wellbeing</li> <li>Physical education</li> <li>Creative arts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Personal and Social wellbeing</li> <li>Physical education</li> <li>Creative arts</li> <li>Natural Sciences</li> </ul> Skills subjects A minimum of 3 skills and maximum of 4 skills		

# 2 SECTION 2: INTRODUCTION TO CONSUMER STUDIES NEEDLEWORK

#### 2.1 What is Consumer Studies Needlework

Consumer Studies Needlework is a craft that requires skilful hands and individuals are afforded the opportunity to discover and develop their creative skills. The subject lays the foundation in the area of machine and hand Needlework and individuals are equipped with knowledge and skills to be trained to use the relevant Needlework materials, tools and equipment. Articles are made and repaired by stitching with a needle and thread or Needlework machine. This subject has been designed to equip learners with basic Needlework skills and an understanding of essential principles necessary to perform simple tasks in the clothing and interior industry.

The skills and the content embedded in the skills are taught over two years in GRADE 4 and three years in GRADE 5. During each year in each grade all the topics are taught, and the teacher is allowed to adapt the difficulty level of the skills to the ability of the learner.

#### 2.2 Topics to be studied in Needlework:

- Machine and hand Needlework
- Soft Furnishing and Upholstery
- Quilting and Embroidery
- Knitting and Crocheting
- The consumer
- Hygiene and Safety

#### 2.3 Specific Aims:

In Consumer Studies Needlework the learner will acquire knowledge and skills to:

- Work in a neat and safe environment.
- Identify, use, clean and store tools and equipment.
- Identify different parts of the Needlework machine and overlocker, their functions and trouble shooting.
- Interpreting commercial patterns.
- Plan different working procedures in completing articles
- Execute different stitches for a specific purpose.
- Complete quilting and appliqué articles.
- Knit articles.
- Deliver articles for small scale production.

#### 2.4 Requirements for Needlework as a subject

#### 2.4.1 Time Allocation

The compulsory instructional time for the Vocational Learning Programme for learners with a severe intellectual disability amounts to 8 hours per 5-day cycle. Schools may offer either three (3) or four (4) vocational subjects, depending on the number of learners in the school and the resources available. The compulsory instructional time for **Consumer Studies Needlework** is either:

- 2 hours per 5-day cycle plus three (3) other vocational subjects or
- 2,5 hours per 5-day cycle plus two (2) other vocational subjects.

Twenty percent (20%) of the above mentioned time is utilized to teach subject content which should be embedded in teaching the learners to execute the skills. This implies that theoretical lessons should not be instructed in isolation, but during the teacher's demonstration that takes place before the learners practise the skills. The learners are required to utilize eighty percent (80%) of the time to practise the various skills in the classroom. **The Consumer Studies Needlework periods should preferable be divided into two (2) timeslots.** 

The "Consumer" and "Hygiene and safety" topics are theoretical topics embedded in the practical tasks.

#### 2.4.2 Resources

- Human Resources
  - An appropriately qualified teacher registered with SACE in line with the Collective Agreement 5 of 2001 is required to teach Consumer Studies Needlework Consumer Studies Needlework teachers are required to:
- Teach the subject content with confidence and flair
- Interact with learners in a relaxed but firm manner
- Manage the Needlework resourcing, budget & safety
- Manage the teaching environment
- Conduct stock taking and inventory
- Plan for theory lessons and conduct practical work
- Maintain and service the tools and machines
- Ensure learner safety
- Carry out School Based Assessment (SBA)
- Implement innovative methods to keep the subject interesting
- Be self-motivated to keep herself/himself abreast of the latest technological developments

#### Regularly attend skills workshops

#### Infrastructure

A classroom with 15 chairs and 15 individual tables (or 4 big tables) to seat 15 learners.

The number of learners in a Needlework practical class should not exceed the teacher learner ratio of 1:15.

A large classroom with a storeroom and cupboards are required as tools and equipment should have sufficient storage spaceand a well-developed storage management system with an up to date inventory. Shelves should be clearly marked and storage areas defined.

Electricity supply and sufficient wall plugs are required. Lighting is also of importance.

Large tables for cutting and Needlework are essential.

Chairs for all learners are needed.

Burglar bars on all windows and possibly an alarm system.

Seating arrangement is very important as it enhances the learning environment.

Ensure that the learning environment is conducive and as stimulating as possible.

Classroom organisation may vary according to circumstances. The circumstances may include available resources, space in the classroom, the environment, the number of learners.

#### 2.4.3 Infrastructure, equipment and finances

#### Safety

Safety rules must be displayed on posters in the Consumer Studies Centre.

Potentially hazardous chemicals and all machinery and equipment must be stored securely.

#### Consumables Resources

Consumer Studies Needlework is a subject that requires sustained support. It requires regular resourcing for the purpose of completion of practical work as well as maintenance.

Needlework equipment such as scissors, needles, pins, measuring tapes, marking pens, seam rippers, tracing wheels and paper, cotton, knitting needles and crocheting hooks etc. are needed

There must be fabric, patterns, haberdashery etc. for all learners.

#### Non Consumables Resources

Two Irons and ironing boards are needed

At least 7 electrical Needlework machines and one overlocker are required (two learners share one Needlework machine and six learners share one overlocker)

#### Finances

Needlework is a subject that requires sustained support and regular resourcing for the purpose of completing practical work, teaching and support materials, replenishing tools and equipment and to acquire consumable materials.

Maintenance of training equipment on a regular basis as well as provisioning for the inevitable failure of equipment should not be disregarded, and the school should have a plan in place to regularly phase out and replace obsolete equipment and tools.

An amount must be allocated per year per learner for practical tasks according to the budget presented to the School Governing Body

The budget should be revised each year according to the number of learners and the inflation rate.

Should the number of learners in the Needlework class increase during the year, the budget must be adapted to make provision for the practical tasks for the additional learners.

#### 2.5 Career opportunities

The learners are equipped with skills to attempt entrepreneurial opportunities or to work

- In industrial settings in cut and sew factories
- As an assistant tailor/seamstress/sewer or as an assistant to the mentioned occupations
- As an assistant upholster

# 3 SECTION 3: OVERVIEW OF TOPICS PER TERM AND ANNUAL TEACHING PLANS

Each week has a compulsory contact time of 2 or 2,5 hours (depending on the number of vocational subjects offered at the school) for the subject **Consumer Studies Needlework**.

#### 3.1 Content overview of topics

The content is embedded in the skills and the learners should execute the skills in a simulated working environment recreated in the classroom/centre. The table below indicates the topics and content in the **Consumer Studies Needlework** learning programme in Grade 4 and 5.

### Content overview of topics

TOPIC	GRADE 4	GRADE 5		
	Term 1	Term 1		
	Describe a consumer	Describe a consumer		
		List and explain consumer rights		
		Understand and apply information on clothing labels		
	Term 2	Term 2		
	List good buying habits	List factors that influence our buying behaviour		
Consumer	Term 3	Term 3		
	Provide examples of different types of shopping outlets in South	Analyse shopping outlets in your area		
	Africa			
	Term 4	Term 4		
	Discuss how the packaging of a product influences the selling	Describe the factors that influence the clothing choices of young		
	thereof	adults		
	List the guidelines to purchase readymade clothes	Identify, discuss and describe wardrobe planning		
	Term 1	Term 1		
	Identify and use electric iron	State the dangers of electricity		
	Practise electrical safety	Explain how to extinguish an electrical fire		
Hygiene &	Practise personal hygiene			
Safety	Term 2	Term 2		
Jaiety	Discuss safety guidelines during ironing and pressing	Discuss safety guidelines during ironing and pressing		
	Term 3	Term 3		
	Discuss how to treat a burn caused by a hot iron	Discuss the importance of ironing while constructing an article		
	Term 4	Term 4		

	Discuss the importance of good personal hygiene during				Identify different type	es hand wash and	machine wash washing
	adulthood				powders		
				•	Use the correct technique to wash clothes by hand		
Machine and	Term 1			Te	<u>rm 1</u>		
hand	Identify and practice.	ctise with equipmer	nt and materials –	•	Identify and practi	se with more adv	anced equipment and
Needlework	Needlework and knit	ting			materials - Needlewo	ork and knitting	
	Identify parts of Need	dlework machine		•	Identify parts of an ov	verlocker	
	Thread a Needlework	k machine		•	Thread a Needlework	k machine as well a	s overlocker
	Describe how to care	e for Needlework mach	nine	•	Describe how to care	for an overlocker	
	Operate the different	parts of Needlework	machine	Operate the different parts of an overlocker			
	Identify and sew the	following stitches:		•	Identify and sew the	following stitches:	
	overhand/whip	tacking stitch	top stitch		overhand/whip	tacking stitch	top stitch
	stitch				stitch		
	zig-zag		·•		overlocker	backstitch	
	Identify and sew single seam		•	Identify and sew the	following seams:		
					single open seam	French seam	closed seam
					Identify and sew a ro	lled hem	
	Identify natural fibres	and fabrics		•	Identify wool		
				•	Identify synthetic fab	rics, leather and lea	ther substitutes
				•	Identify piling and dis	cuss reasons	
	Find and interpret	information on comr	nercial patterns and	Find, interpret and apply information on commercial patter instruction sheets			commercial patterns and
	instruction sheets						
	Lay out patterns, pin	and cut fabric		•	Lay out patterns, pin	and cut fabric	
	Identify creases and	test for crease resista	nce	•	Discuss the requirem	ents for quality pro	ducts

Clip convex and concave curved seams			Clip convex a	and concave curved seams	3	
Identify suitable packaging material for Needlework articles			• Identify and describe suitable packaging material for Needlework			
			articles			
Term 2			Term 2			
Identify and discuss household articles produced by Needlework			<ul> <li>Identify, discuss and give examples of household articles produced by Needlework</li> </ul>			
Identify and sew a	single and double her	n				
Identify and describ	e pattern markings					
Identify and sew the	e following stitches:		Identify and d	describe pattern markings		
overhand/whip	tacking stitch	top stitch	Identify and s	sew the following stitches:		
stitch			overhand/wl	hip tacking stitch	top stitch	
zig-zag	backstitch		stitch			
Sew the following s	eam finishes:	i	zig-zag	backstitch	satin stitch	
zig-zag			Sew the follow	wing seam finishes:		
Identify and use diff	erent types of batting	)	overlocker	bias binding		
Identify different typ	es of Vilene and use	Vilene	Identify and use different types of batting			
Trim corners and ex	cess fabric		<ul> <li>Identify different types of Vilene, use Vilene &amp; list functions</li> <li>Trim corners and excess fabric</li> </ul>			
Identify and name of	commercially available	e embellishments				
Lay out patterns, pi	n and cut fabric					
Find and interpret	information on cor	mmercial patterns and	Lay out patte	rns, pin and cut fabric		
instruction sheets			Find, interpre	t and apply information on	commercial patterns and	
			instruction sh	eets		
			Discuss how	to cut bias binding at hom-	e and state functions	
			Appliqué mot	ifs on fabric		
			Sew a casing	J		

				•	Sew lining to main fal	oric	
	•			•	Identify and sew the f	ollowing seams:	
					Closed seam with	French seam with	Open seam
	Package completed	l articles			overlocker	overlocker	
				•	Package completed a	articles	.i
	Term 3			Tei	<u>rm 3</u>		
	Lay out patterns, pir	n and cut fabric		•	Lay out patterns, pin	and cut fabric	
	Identify and sew the	e following seams:		•	Identify and sew the f	ollowing seams:	
	straight seam	curved seam			straight seam	curved seam	
	Identify and sew the	e following stitches:		•	Identify and sew the following stitches:		
	overhand/whip stitch	tacking stitch	top stitch		overhand/whip stitch	tacking stitch	top stitch
	zig-zag	backstitch			zig-zag	backstitch	satin
	Identify and sew the	e following seams with	seam finishes:	•	Identify and sew the f	 ollowing seams with s	seam finishes:
	open seam with stra	aight stitching		open seam with straight stitching closed seam with bias binding			
	closed seam with bi	ias binding					
	open seam with zig-	-zag finish		open seam with overlocking finish			
	<ul> <li>Identify and use dif needles</li> </ul>	ferent sizes machine	and hand Needlework				
	Snip corners and re	duce bulkiness		•	Snip corners and red	uce bulkiness	
	<ul> <li>Sew straight double hem</li> <li>Lay out patterns, pin and cut fabric</li> <li>Identify and practise correct Needlework machine tension</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Explain what will happen if curved seams are not clipped</li> <li>Lay out patterns, pin and cut fabric</li> <li>Identify and practise correct Needlework overlocker tension</li> </ul>			are not clipped
							verlocker tension
	Identify and name d	lifferent types of faster	ners	•	Identify and name application in Needle	• •	fasteners and their

		Explain what is meant with the pile of fabric and provide
		examples of pile fabrics
	Term 4	Term 4
	List guidelines to purchase a bag and readymade clothes	Identify different types of bags, suitable fabric to sew bags and steps to produce a bag
	Lay out patterns, pin and cut fabric	Lay out patterns, pin and cut fabric
	Sew stitches, seams and seam finishes as in previous term	Sew stitches, seams and seam finishes as in previous term
	Sew a single and double hem	Sew a double hem with blind hem stitch
	Sew and insert bag handles	Identify alternative materials to use as bag handles, sew and insert
	Iron and package completed articles	
	Identify different apron styles	
	Identify and describe characteristics of a well-planned wardrobe	
	Iron and package the completed product	
		Sew lining to main fabric and discuss functions of lining
		Identify and sew blind hem stitch
	Term 2	Term 2
	Discuss and sew potholders and placemats	Discuss and sew potholder, oven gloves, pen holder, nesting
Soft		boxes and covered basket
Furnishing		Arrange fabric and batting layers correctly and quilt with the
and		Needlework machine
Upholstery		Discuss and sew household storage items
	Term 3	Term 3
	Understand terminology and identify articles	Understand and explain the terminology: soft furnishing
	Lay out, pin, cut and sew doorstopper, pillow case and cushions	Lay out, pin, cut and sew bolster cushion and toys

	Maintain and care for cushions	Discuss how to maintain and care for cushions and soft toys
	Discuss filling material for soft furnishing articles	Discuss filling material and how to stuff soft furnishing articles
	Term 2	Term 2
Quilting and		<ul> <li>Layout, cut, quilt and sew a potholder, oven mittens and oven gloves</li> <li>Layout, cut, quilt and sew a pen holder</li> </ul>
Embroidery	Term 3	Term 3
		Hand stitch facial details on stuffed toys
	Term 1	Term 1
	Cast on stitches	Cast on stitches
	Knit garter stitch and stocking stitch	Knit garter stitch
	Term 2	Term 2
	Knit garter stitch and stocking stitch	Knit garter stitch and stocking stitch
	Cast off stitches	Cast off stitches
Knitting	Weave knitted article pieces together	Weave knitted article pieces together
and		Identify commercial knitting pattern
Crocheting	Term 3	Term 3
	Knit garter stitch and stocking stitch	Knit garter stitch, stocking stitch, ribbing and moss stitch
	Term 4	Term 4
	Knit garter stitch and stocking stitch	Knit garter stitch, stocking stitch, ribbing and moss stitch
	Cast off stitches	Cast off stitches
	Weave knitted article pieces together	Weave knitted article pieces together

### 3.2 Content overview of practical lessons / tasks

The theory is embedded in the practical tasks in Consumer Studies. Omitting one or more of the practical tasks implies that learners are deprived of the full learning programme. The learners spend two years in GRADE 4 and three years in GRADE 5. Learners should practise more advanced skills during the second year in GRADE 4, thus not repeat the same articles again. This principle also applies to GRADE 5. More advanced articles should be completed during the second and third years in GRADE 5. Depending on the size of the school, this may result in learners being in Grade 4 for the first as well as the second year in one class. The teacher should ensure that these learners sew different articles as indicated in the table below. Teachers may choose similar or more advanced patterns, according to current trends.

### Overview of practical articles

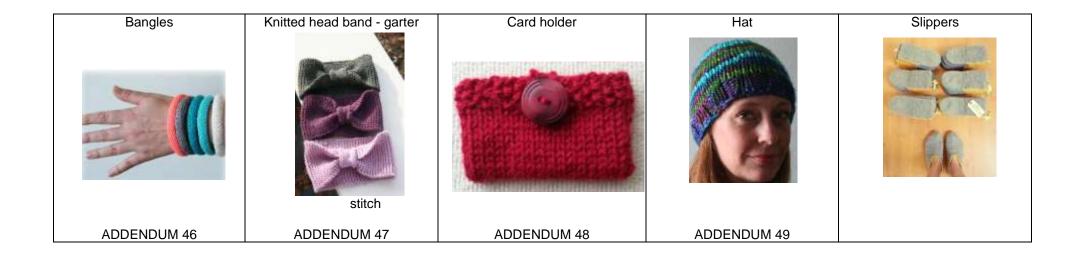
Note: Refer to the teacher's guide for all grade 4 and 5 addenda.

First term – Learners sew one articles, and start with knitting article (refer to second last row in this table)				
Grade 4 1st year	Grade 4 2 <sup>nd</sup> year	Grade 5 1st year	Grade 5 2 <sup>nd</sup> year	Grade 5 3 <sup>rd</sup> year
Double sided cotton head band with elastic	Head band made with stretch fabric	Infinity scarf	Baby bib	Slippers
	DIY Headband			
ADDENDUM 1 B	ADDENDUM 2	ADDENDUM 3	ADDENDUM 4	ADDENDUM 5
		rticles and continue with knitting ar		
Napkins	Pot holder	Pot holder	Oven mitten	Oven glove
O O				
ADDENDUM 6	ADDENDUM 7	ADDENDUM 8	ADDENDUM 9	ADDENDUM 10
Party banner	Double sided placemat	School house pen holder	Nesting boxes	Fabric covered basket
ADDENDUM 11	ADDENDUM 12	ADDENDUM 13	ADDENDUM 14	ADDENDUM 15

#### Third term – Learners sew two articles (select one article from each row) and commence with second knitting article – last row in this column







The above mentioned images show suggested articles and the teacher may substitute these provided that:

- Two Needlework articles are produced during the second and fourth term
- Three Needlework articles are produced during the third term
- The skills in the substitute articles are similar to the skills in the suggested articles

The addenda serves to assist the teacher in providing the pattern as well as a tutorial with images, indicating the detailed steps to follow. The teacher may adapt the pattern instructions to suit the needs of a particular learner.

#### 3.3 Content outline per term

The content is embedded in the skills and the learners should execute the skills in a simulated working environment re-created in the classroom.

#### Teaching plans

Each term comprises of ten (10) weeks and a minimum of nine (9) **practical sessions** are compulsory. The sequence within the term is not compulsory and the teacher may cover the learning content and skills in any appropriate sequence. Learners spend two years in GRADE 4, and therefore different **articles** are suggested to allow the learners to perform the second suggested **article** during their second year in Grade 4. It is not advisable to repeat the same **articles** more than once as this will not provide the learner the opportunity of learn additional skills.

The Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) Act 85 of 1993 requires the teacher to comply with the safety regulations when issuing equipment and tools to the learners and the teacher may not leave learners unattended during Consumer Studies Needlework instructional time. A group discussion on the safety precautions that must be followed during all the instructional time is compulsory. Learners with severe intellectual disability are not always able to make abstract judgements, and they are often not able to apply learned knowledge from one topic to the next. Impulsive behaviour as well as the inability to make fast decisions can easily lead to learners finding themselves in, or being exposed to, dangerous situations.

#### 3.3.1 GRADE 4 Term 1

	GRADE 4 Term 1				
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes		
		The learner must able to:			
1	The consumer	Understand the concept of	GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:		
		Consumer Studies	Learner activities:		
		Needlework	List suggestions for classroom rules		
		• List suggestions for	Repeat the rules with prompting		
		classroom rules and repeat	Role play to wash and dry hands		
		rules with prompting			

30 CAPS GRADES R-5 LEARNERS WITH SEVERE INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY CONSUMER STUDIES NEEDLEWORK

	GRADE 4 Term 1				
WEEK	TOPIC CONTENT		Techniques, activities, resources and process notes		
		The learner must able to:			
		Understand the concept:	The teacher:		
		Consumer	• Provides the learners with either flip files or files with plastic sleeves (or books) to file their		
	Machine and	Identify the following	samplers. The files are kept at school.		
	hand	equipment:	Orientates the learners towards:		
	Needlework	Tape measure	- the classroom layout		
		Dressmaker's scissors	- their individual work spaces		
		Pins and pin cushion	- the articles that they will sew during the year by showing examples of completed articles		
		Needlework thread	- the articles that they will knit and crochet during the year by showing examples of completed		
		Needlework needles – hand	articles		
		Machine Needlework			
		needles	The teacher:		
		Needlework machine	Demonstrates how to safely handle the following equipment: Tape measure, dressmaker's		
	Hygiene and	Electric iron	scissors, pins and pin cushion and Needlework needles		
	safety	Ironing board	Demonstrate how to plug and unplug an iron		
		Understand the concept of	Allocates working spaces to each learner		
		personal hygiene			
		Conform to personal hygiene	The learners:		
		practises in the Consumer	Practise to wash and dry their hands		
		Studies Needlework centre	Practise to safely handle the mentioned equipment		
		Understand the danger of	Practise to plug and unplug an electric iron		
		using electric wall plugs			
		Demonstrate how to plug			
		and unplug electric			

GRADE 4 Term 1				
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
		The learner must able to:		
		equipment e.g. Needlework		
		machine and iron		
2 -3	Machine	Practise correct posture in	GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:	
	Needlework	front of Needlework machine	The teacher demonstrates:	
		Describe the primary	how to cover and uncover the Needlework machine before and after use	
		function of a Needlework	the posture in front of a Needlework machine	
		machine		
		• Identify the parts of a	The teacher:	
		Needlework machine,	identifies and names the parts of a Needlework machine	
		namely the	stitches on paper to demonstrate the foot mechanism	
		Needlework light	and hand positions during Needlework	
		spool pin	demonstrates how to hold the needles and yarn    Machine bed   Mach	
		bobbin and bobbin case	knits garter stitch (use a pair of knitting needles with 10     selbows    90°   Glush with table surface   10°   1	
		bobbin winder	stitches cast on before the demonstration)	
		thread guides	torso length)	
		needle bar and needle	The teacher divides the class into two groups:	
		pressure foot	knees	
		feeder plate	GRADE 4 first year	
		seam guide	Group 1 learners:	
		stitch length control	Practise the correct posture in front of a Needlework machine	
		foot holder	Practise to sew on paper – grade exercises from easy to difficult	
	Knitting	foot		
		Identify equipment to knit	Group 2 learners:	
		with, namely		

	GRADE 4 Term 1			
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
		The learner must able to:		
		knitting needles	practise to knit garter stitch and knit a square. The teacher provides each learner with a pair of	
		row counter	knitting needles with 10 stitches already cast on. The square is filed in the learners' sampler	
		tapestry needle	files	
		Identify material to knit with,		
		namely:	After 45 minutes the groups rotate and the teacher repeats the knitting demonstration to group 1.	
		4 ply yarn	Group 1 practises to knit while group 2 completes Needlework exercises on paper	
		bulky yarn		
		Describe the difference in	GRADE 4 second year:	
		various knitting material	Group 1 learners:	
			Practise to sew on paper – exercises should be more difficult than the first year and include	
			many curves	
			Group 2 learners:	
			Cast stitches on and commence with knitting their coffee cosies. This project will continue and	
			be completed by the end of the second term.	
			GRADE 4 first year   GRADE 4 second year	

	GRADE 4 Term 1				
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes		
		The learner must able to:			
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate to ensure that both groups sew on paper and knit.		
			The Needlework machine exercises are filed in the learners' sampler files.		
4	Machine	Locate an image in the	GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:		
	Needlework	Needlework machine's	The teacher:		
		manual that illustrates how to	Demonstrates how to thread the upper thread in a Needlework machine		
		thread the Needlework	Demonstrates how to sew with thread on a sampler		
		machine	Shows the learners how to cover and uncover the Needlework machines		
		Thread the Needlework	Demonstrates how to dust the Needlework machine		
		machine's upper thread			
		Describe how to care for the	GRADE 4 first year:		
		Needlework machine	Group 1 learners:		
		Handle the Needlework	Practise to thread the upper thread of a Needlework machine with the assistance of the teacher		
		machine with care	Practise to sew with thread on a sampler		
		• Dust the Needlework			
		machine before and after	Group 2 learners:		
		use	Continue to knit garter stitch with the teacher's assistance		
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate and group 1 continues to knit while group 2 practises to thread a		
			Needlework machine and sew straight lines on a cotton fabric sampler with the assistance of the		
			teacher. The learners complete their garter stitch squares, however the teacher ends the squares		
			off. The learners file their garter stitch squares in their sampler files.		

	GRADE 4 Term 1				
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources	and process notes	
5	Machine Needlework	<ul> <li>Wind a spool</li> <li>Insert the bobbin in the bobbin case</li> <li>Thread lower thread of the machine</li> <li>Insert a needle</li> <li>Identify different types of Needlework machine feet</li> <li>Insert different Needlework machine feet</li> <li>Identify one hand stitch, namely tacking stitch</li> <li>Identify a single seam</li> <li>Identify a curved seam</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>sew with thread on a sampler (</li> <li>insert a needle and different Ne</li> <li>sew tacking stitch evenly</li> <li>sew a single straight and curve</li> </ul>	cond year:  case 100mm X 100mm) and use the redlework machine feet	as well as knit.
		<ul> <li>Insert different Needlework machine feet</li> <li>Identify one hand stitch, namely tacking stitch</li> <li>Identify a single seam</li> </ul>		Single straight seam	seam

	GRADE 4 Term 1			
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
		The learner must able to:		
	Knitting	Identify non-stretch and		
		stretch fabric	GRADE 4 first year:	
		Cast on stitches to knit	Group 1 learners:	
			With the assistance of the teacher practise to insert the bobbin in the bobbin case	
			Practise to sew straight with thread on a sampler using the seam guide when Needlework	
			Sew a single straight seam sampler on cotton fabric with the Needlework machine	
			Sew a single convex and concaved curved seam sampler on cotton fabric with the Needlework	
			machine	
			Group 2 learners:	
			With the teacher's assistance practise to cast on stitches. The learners start to knit squares.	
			Learners that master the skill quickly may attach the squares and knit a blanket. They continue	
			to knit squares until the end of the second term.	
			GRADE 4 second year:	
			sew a single straight seam sampler on stretch fabric	
			sew a single curved seam sampler on stretch fabric	
			assist the teacher with the first year learners to acquire the skills	
			Group 2 learners:	
			Practise to cast on stitches to knit their coffee cosies. They continue to knit their coffee cosies	
			until the end of the second term.	

er must able to:  A ir stand the terminology:	After 45 minutes the groups rotate to ensure that both groups sew and knit. Both samplers are filed in the learners' sampler files.
A irrstand the terminology: G	n the learners' sampler files.
ir stand the terminology: G	n the learners' sampler files.
stand the terminology: G	·
9,	DADE A first war as well as assembly says
	GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:
I fibres and fabrics	The teacher:
y cotton fabric •	Shows the learners different cotton fabric colour and prints
guish between the right •	Demonstrates how to test for cotton fabric, namely to burn the fabric with a match and a yellow
ong side of fabric	flame which results in a yellow flame
y the selvage edge of •	Shows the learners the difference between the right and the wrong side of cotton fabric
•	Shows the learners three or four commercial patterns
y the raw edges of •	Points out that a picture of the article, the number of the pattern and the sizes available appear
	on the front of the envelope
be a commercial •	Shows the learners that on the back of the pattern a diagram of the back of the article appears,
ework pattern is	as well as the suggested fabric and the amount of fabric that will be needed
et the information on a	
n envelope, e.g.	GRADE 4 first year:
of the article	Group 1 and 2 learners:
er of pattern •	Execute the cotton fabric experiment in small groups of 2 learners and file the results in sampler
n sizes	files
sted fabric •	Practise to distinguish between the right and wrong side of a variety of cotton fabrics
et of fabric •	Identify the pattern number and sizes available on the pattern envelope
•	Show where the information on the back of the pattern envelope appears, namely the suggested
y the correct garter	fabric and amount of fabric required
ension	Continue to knit garter stitch squares
•	Compare knitting to friends knitting to see the differences in tension
	equish between the right ong side of fabric of the selvage edge of the raw edges of the accommercial ework pattern is the information on a nenvelope, e.g. of the article of pattern is sizes sted fabric of fabric of the correct garter

	GRADE 4 Term 1		
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
		The learner must able to:	
7	Machine Needlework	<ul> <li>Describe how to lay out a pattern</li> <li>Pin pattern pieces perpendicular to seam line</li> <li>Cut pattern pieces on cutting line</li> <li>Understand the information on pattern pieces, e.g. place on fold pattern piece numbers</li> <li>Understand a simple instruction sheet, e.g. follow step numbers on instruction sheet from top to bottom and then left to right make clips in fabric right and wrong side view of fabric on instruction sheet</li> </ul>	GRADE 4 second year: Group 1 and 2 learners: These learners practise similar skills to the first year learners and may assist the teacher with the first year learners to acquire the skills. They continue to knit their coffee cosies  GRADE 4 first year as well as second year: The teacher:  Explains the cutting line, name of the pattern piece, seamline, direction of cutting and Needlework, fabric line and "on fold" information on the pattern pieces  Shows the learners that a suggested cutting layout appears on the pattern instruction sheet, as well as a step by step guide to sew the pattern pieces  Demonstrates how to place the pattern pieces on the fabric, pin the pattern pieces and cut the pieces out  GRADE 4 first year GRADE 4 second year  DIY Hoadbard  ADDENDUM 1 ADDENDUM 2
			GRADE 4 first year:

	GRADE 4 Term 1		
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
		The learner must able to:	
		sew one pattern piece to	Group 1 and 2 learners:
		another	Lay out and pin pattern pieces with the assistance of the teacher, however the teacher cuts out
			the pattern pieces
			GRADE 4 second year:
			Group 1 and 2 learners:
			Use stretch cotton fabric
			With the assistance of the teacher lay out and pin pattern pieces
			Cut the pattern pieces out
			GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:
			Group 1 learners sew the head band while group 2 learners continue to knit garter stitch. After 45
			minutes the groups rotate.
8-9	Machine	Identify overhand stitch	GRADE 4 first and second year:
	Needlework	Sew overhand stitch	The teacher:
	Fibres and	Describe one function of	Demonstrates how to test fabric for crease resistance by cruching the fabric
	fabrics	overhand stitch	Demonstrates how to sew the head band and turn the head band right side out
		Identify different elastic	Shows examples of different colour and widths of elastic
		widths	Demonstrates with overhand stitch how to stitch the opening after the elastic has been inserted
		Identify and know how to test	Demonstrates how to iron the cotton head band
		for crease resistance	Overhand stitch / whip stitch
		Describe the words: crease	C m
		resistance	

	GRADE 4 Term 1			
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
		The learner must able to:		
		Describe the difference	Group 1 learners sew their head bands while group 2 learners continue to knit garter stitch. After 45	
		between overhand and	minutes the groups rotate until both groups have completed their head bands	
		tacking stitch		
			GRADE 4 second year:	
			Group 1 learners sew the head band while group 2 learners continue to knit garter stitch. After 45	
			minutes the groups rotate.	
10				

### Grade 4 Term 1 Assessment

Assessment is formally recorded during four (4) practical sessions with a minimum of four (4) skills reported. Learners, regardless of abilities, shall be assessed on the same skill. The following serves as suggestion of skills to record and report on.

	GRADE 4 first year	GRADE 4 second year
Week 2:	Practise the correct posture in front of a Needlework machine	Names the parts of a Needlework machine
Week 3:	Identify tools and materials to knit	Cast on stitches to knit garter stitch
Week 4:	Dust and clean the Needlework machine	Thread the Needlework machine's upper thread correctly
Week 5:	Sew tacking stitch evenly  Sew a single straight seam on the  Needlework machine	Thread the Needlework machine's lower thread correctly  Sew a single curved seam on the Needlework machine
Week 6:	Distinguish between the right and wrong side of fabric	Knit garter stitch with even tension
Week 7:	Pin pattern pieces perpendicular to seam line	Cut pattern pieces on cutting line
Week 8:	Test fabric for crease resistance	Iron fabric safely
Week 9:	Sew cotton headband according to pattern instructions	Sew headband with stretch according to pattern instructions

	GRADE 4 first year	GRADE 4 second year
Week 2:	Identify the parts of a Needlework machine	Describe the primary function of a Needlework machine
Week 3:	Identify equipment to knit with	Identify material to knit with
Week 4:	Describe how to handle the Needlework machine with care	Describe the difference in various knitting material
Week 5:	Identify non-stretch and stretch fabric	Identify different types of Needlework machine feet
Week 6:	Identify the pattern number and sizes available on the pattern envelope	Describe a commercial pattern
Week 7:	Understand the information on pattern pieces, e.g. place on fold	Understand a simple instruction sheet

Week 8:	Describe how to test for crease resistance	Describe the words: crease resistance
Week 9:	Describe one function of overhand stitch	Describe the difference between overhand and
Week 9.		tacking stitch

# 3.3.2 GRADE 4 Term 2

			GRADE 4 Term 2
WEEK .	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
	Machine Needlework	<ul> <li>List good buying habits</li> <li>Explain the terminology: household articles</li> <li>Identify a variety of household articles that can be produced by Needlework</li> <li>Know how to take the measurements for napkins and pot holders</li> <li>Understand the layout of simple patterns on fabric</li> <li>Identify a single hem</li> <li>Identify a double hem</li> <li>Describe the difference between a single and double hem</li> </ul>	GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:  The teacher:  Shows the learners examples of household articles that are produced by Needlework, e.g. a curtain, duvet cover, oven mittens, cushions, place mats and explains the terminology  Demonstrates how to measure the actual size of a household article and then how to add the seam allowances  Demonstrates how to lay out the commercial pattern on the fabric, cut napkins and a square pot holder  Demonstrates how to sew a double hem  GRADE 4 first year

			GRADE 4 Term 2
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			<ul> <li>Lay out and pin the pattern pieces to the fabric (ADDENDUM 5 &amp;6)</li> <li>Practise to sew a double hem and file the sampler in sampler files</li> </ul>
	Knitting		Single hem  Double hem  Single hem  Group 2 learners:
			Continue to knit the squares for their blankets and coffee cosies  After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups lay out their pattern as well as continue to knit
	Machine	. Vnow commercial nettern	GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:
	Needlework	<ul><li>Know commercial pattern terminology</li><li>Identify and describe pattern</li></ul>	The teacher demonstrates how to:  Press fabric with a steam iron
2-3		markings, namely grain line cutting line seam allowance	<ul> <li>Lay out of a commercial pattern and hand the already cut out pattern pieces to Grade 4 first year learners</li> <li>Fold and sew double seams</li> <li>Use backstitching in all seams</li> </ul>
		stitching line	Reduce bulkiness in seam corners

	GRADE 4 Term 2		
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
	Safety	<ul> <li>Identify and sew backstitching in all seam Needlework</li> <li>Identify different types of irons, e.g. thermostatically</li> </ul>	Fold the fabric for the potholders, stack the different layers on top of each other and sew the seams  GRADE 4 first year:
	Knitting	regulated irons, steam irons, combination steam iron  Plug and unplug an iron  Identify the safety precautions to take during ironing  Use distilled or boiled water in a steam iron  State guidelines for ironing and pressing	<ul> <li>Group 1 learners:</li> <li>Measure and fold the napkins' double seams, cut the corners, pin the seams in place and sew the napkin seams</li> <li>GRADE 4 second year:</li> <li>Group 1 learners:</li> <li>Fold the fabric squares and iron</li> <li>Use basting stitch to sew the front triangular fabric pieces to the back fabric square</li> <li>Place all the fabric layers and batting in place, pin together and sew the seams</li> <li>Trim the corners and turn the right side out</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Describe the difference between ironing and pressing</li> <li>Identify different types of batting</li> </ul>	Trim corners  Start Needlework using back stitching  Back Stitch  Group 2 learners:  Continue to knit the suggested articles.

GRADE 4 To			GRADE 4 Term 2
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
	Machine	State the reasons for	After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups sew on the Needlework machines as well as continue to knit.  GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:
	Needlework Safety	<ul> <li>State the reasons for pressing and ironing</li> <li>Identify the characteristics of effective pressing</li> <li>Use batting to produce neat articles</li> <li>Identify and name commercially available trim or</li> </ul>	The teacher:  • shows examples of different types of commercially available trim or embellishment/decorations  • demonstrates how to attach the trim to the napkins  • demonstrates how to sew top stitching all along the outside edge of the potholder
4		embellishments/decorations, namely lace braid monograms tassels piping	Double top stitching  Single top stitching
		<ul> <li>cord</li> <li>Discuss the reasons for using trim or embellishments in Needlework</li> <li>Identify top stitching</li> </ul>	GRADE 4 first year: Group 1 learners:  attach the trim to the napkins  GRADE 4 first year as well as second year: Group 1 learners:

			GRADE 4 Term 2
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
		Describe how to do top stitching	Sew top stitching all along the outside edge to give the potholder a neat finish
		Provide examples of different uses for top stitching	Group 2 learners:     Continue to knit suggested articles
	Knitting		After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups complete their Needlework articles as well as continue to knit
5	Machine	Identify correct Needlework	GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:
	Needlework	machine tension	The teacher demonstrates how to:
		Distinguish between upper and lower tension	<ul> <li>lay out, pin and cut the pattern on the fabric</li> <li>transfer the pattern markings</li> </ul>
	Knitting	Identify reasons for incorrect     Needlework machine tension	finish raw seam edges with zig-zag stitch
		<ul> <li>Identify pattern markings on pattern pieces</li> <li>Transfer pattern markings accurately</li> </ul>	GRADE 4 first year  GRADE 4 second year  ADDENDUM 11  ADDENDUM 12
			Group 1 learners:

			GRADE 4 Term 2		
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources	and process notes	
			<ul> <li>Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces (ADDENDUM 11 &amp; 12) and transfer the pattern markings</li> <li>Group 2 learners:</li> <li>Continue to knit the suggested articles</li> </ul> After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups lay out their pattern as well		
			as continue to knit	ŭ	, , ,
	Machine Needlework	<ul> <li>Explain the reasons for utilising topstitching</li> <li>Discuss a reason for trimming excess fabric in Needlework</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>GRADE 4 first year:</li> <li>The teacher demonstrates how to:</li> <li>Sew the pattern pieces together</li> <li>Trim excess fabric at the tip of the</li> </ul>		
	Knitting	<ul> <li>Identify single closed seam finishes</li> <li>List the advantages of place mats</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Finish raw seam edges with zig</li> <li>Turn the right side out and close</li> <li>Fold the ribbon lenghtwise</li> <li>Insert the flags in the ribbon and</li> </ul>	-zag stitch e openings with overhand / whi	p stitch
6-7			Sew knitted squares together for Single closed seam with zig-zag seam finish	or a blanket and how to sew the	Single closed seam with bias binding
			Group 1 learners:		using bins bridingoc laish seami

	GRADE 4 Term 2			
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
		The learner must able to:	<ul> <li>Sew the pattern pieces together</li> <li>Trim excess fabric at the tip of the triangle</li> <li>Turn the right side out and push corners out</li> <li>Fold and iron the ribbon lenghtwise</li> <li>Insert the flag in the ribbon and pin in position</li> <li>Group 2 learners:</li> <li>Weave knitted squares together to produce a blanket</li> <li>GRADE 4 second year</li> <li>The teacher demonstrates how to:</li> <li>Stitch the seams, turn the right side out and topstitch 10 mm from the edge</li> <li>Group 1 learners:</li> <li>Stitch the seams and leave an opening to turn the right side out</li> <li>Turn, close opening with overhand/whip stitch, press and topstitich 10 mm from the edge</li> </ul>	
			Group 2 learners:  • Cast off coffee cosies  After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups to sew as well as complete their knitted articles	

	GRADE 4 Term 2				
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes		
8-9	Hand Needlework Knitting	<ul> <li>List examples for suitable packaging materials for Needlework articles</li> <li>Discuss how to package Needlework articles</li> </ul>	GRADE 4 first and second year  Group 1 and 2 learners  Complete Needlework and knitted articles  Package articles using suitable as well as creative packaging materials		
10					

### Grade 4 Term 2 Assessment

Assessment is formally recorded during four (4) practical sessions with a minimum of four (4) skills reported. Learners, regardless of abilities, shall be assessed on the same skill. The following serves as suggestion of skills to record and report on.

	GRADE 4 first year	GRADE 4 second year		
Week 2:	Use backstitching in all seam Needlework	Reduce bulkiness in seam corners		
Week 3:	Plug and unplug an iron safely	Iron fabric safely		
Week 4:	Sew napkins according to pattern instructions	Sew pot holders according to pattern instructions		
Week 5:	Transfer the pattern markings	finish raw seam edges with zig-zag stitch		
Week 6:	Trim excess fabric to reduce bulkiness	Cast off knitted articles		
Week 7:	Finish raw seam edges with zig-zag stitch	Sew overhand/whip stitch evenly		
Week 8:	Turn the right side out and push corners out	Turn the right side out and push corners out		
Week 9:	Sew a banner according to pattern instructions	Sew place mats according to pattern instructions		

	GRADE 4 first year	GRADE 4 second year
Week 2:	Identify a single hem	Describe the difference between a single and double hem
Week 3:	Identify the safety precautions to take during ironing	Describe the difference between ironing and pressing
Week 4:	State the reasons for pressing and ironing	Identify the characteristics of effective pressing
Week 5:	Distinguish between upper and lower tension	Identify reasons for incorrect Needlework machine tension
Week 6:	Identify seam finishes – single closed seam	Discuss a reason for trimming excess fabric in Needlework
Week 7:	List the advantages of place mats	Explain the reasons for utilising topstitching
Week 8:	List examples for suitable packaging materials for Needlework articles	Discuss how to package Needlework articles
Week 9:	Describe one function of overhand stitch	Describe the difference between overhand and tacking stitch

# 3.3.3 Grade 4 Term 3

			Grade 4 Term 3
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
1-2	Machine Needlework Soft furnishing	<ul> <li>Provide examples of different types of shopping outlets in South Africa</li> <li>Understand and explain the terminology: soft furnishing</li> <li>Identify soft furnishing articles</li> <li>Identify suitable fabric for cushions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>GRADE 4 first year and second year:</li> <li>The teacher:</li> <li>Shows the learners examples of different cushion styles made from various fabric types</li> <li>Demonstrates how to measure the actual size of a cushion and then how to add the seam allowances</li> <li>Demonstrates how to prepare cotton fabric before layout</li> <li>Demonstrates how to lay out, pin and cut pattern pieces on the fabric (ADDENDUM 16 &amp; 17)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>List a variety of cushion styles and sizes, e.g.</li> <li>Square</li> <li>Round</li> <li>Bolster</li> <li>Box</li> <li>Identify uses for cushions</li> <li>Know how to prepare cotton fabric before layout</li> </ul>	GRADE 4 first year  GRADE 4 second year  ADDENDUM 16  GRADE 4 second year  ADDENDUM 17
	Knitting		<ul> <li>GRADE 4 first year</li> <li>The teacher</li> <li>Pins and sews doorstopper fabric piece lengthwise, leaving an opening</li> <li>Pins and sews the circles on each end of the tube, right sides together to form a single curved seam</li> </ul>

	Grade 4 Term 3			
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
			Group 1 learners:  • Pin and sew doorstopper fabric piece lengthwise, leaving an opening and sew the circles on each end of the tube  Group 2 learners:  Cast on stitches for the second suggested knitted articles and start to knit the head band in garter stitch  GRADE 4 first year  GRADE 4 second year  ADDENDUM 46  ADDENDUM 47	
			<ul> <li>GRADE 4 second year: The teacher <ul> <li>Sews a double hem on both short sides of the long fabric panel</li> <li>Folds the fabric in the shape of a cushion right sides facing with the two end sections overlapping</li> <li>Pins and sews the seams</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

	Grade 4 Term 3			
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
			Group 1 learners:  Sew a double hem on both short sides of the long fabric panel, fold the fabric correctly, pin and sew the seams	
			Group 2 learners:  Cast on stitches to knit suggested knitted articles	
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups sew as well as continue to knit	
	Machine	Discuss how to maintain and	GRADE 4 first year:	
	Needlework	care for cushions	The teacher demonstrates how to:	
	Soft furnishing	<ul> <li>Identify a cushion pad</li> </ul>	Turn doorstopper tube inside out	
		Compare the advantages and disadvantages a cushion pad	Fill the tube with sand/rice using a funnel or small bowl	
		with polyester filling	Group 1 learners	
3		Discuss other filling material used in commercial cushions, e.g. duck down and feathers	Turn doorstopper tube right side out, and fill the tube with sand/rice using a funnel or small bowl	
		Identify different needle sizes		
	Safety	used in hand Needlework,	GRADE 4 second year:	
		e.g.	The teacher demonstrates how to:	
		12, 14, 16	Use zig-zag stitch to finish the raw edges	
	Knitting		Snip corners to prevent bulkiness	

Grade 4 Term 3				
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and proces	ss notes
		Identify different types of needles e.g.     Sharp point     Rounded point	right side out and iron cushion  Group 2 learners:  Continue to knit suggested knitted articles	snip corners to prevent bulkiness, turn cushion
4-5	Machine Needlework Soft furnishing Knitting	<ul> <li>Identify a straight double hem</li> <li>Sew a straight double hem</li> <li>Explain the difference between a single and double hem</li> </ul>	GRADE 4 first year:  The teacher demonstrates how to  measure a pillow case  lay out the pattern pieces (ADDENDUM 21 accepted to the pillow case accepted to the pillow case accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position and pin accepted to the overlapping flap in position accepted to the overlapping	,

			Grade 4 Term 3
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT  The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Har to Xar A Wilescon
			ADDENDUM 21 ADDENDUM 22
			Group 1 learners:
			lay out the pattern pieces, cut and stitch the pillow case's double hems on both short end
			and fold the overlapping flap in position and pin
			GRADE 4 second year:
			The teacher demonstrates how to
			Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces
			Pin one insert to the centre section and stitch
			Pin the second insert to the centre secton and continue until all four inserts have been stitche
			to the centre section
			Group 1 learners:
			Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces, pin one insert to the centre section and stitch an
			continue until all four inserts have been stitched to the centre section

			Grade 4 Term 3
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
6	Machine Needlework Soft furnishing	Identify open seam finishes, e.g.     single open seam with straight stitching single open seam with pinked edge single open seam with zig-zag finish     Sew an open seam with straight stitching	Group 2 learners:  Continue with knitting  After 45 minutes the groups rotate and group 1 continues to knit whilst group 2 continues to sew  GRADE 4 first year:  The teacher demonstrates how to  stitch the pillow case's side seams  finish of the seam allowances with straight stitching  iron the pillow case  Seam finish with straight stitching edge stitches
			Group 1 learners:  • stitch the pillow case's side seams, finish of the seam allowances with straight stitching and iron the pillow case  Group 2 learners:  • Continue with their knitting

	Grade 4 Term 3			
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
			<ul> <li>GRADE 4 second year: The teacher demonstrates how to: <ul> <li>Sew seams in the two back pattern pieces</li> <li>Pin the two back pattern pieces (seams overlapping each other) to the front panel and stitch together</li> <li>finish off the seam allowances with straight stitching</li> <li>iron the cushion</li> </ul> </li> <li>Group 1 learners: <ul> <li>Sew seams in the two back pattern pieces, pin the two back pattern pieces (seams overlapping each other) to the front panel and stitch together, finish off the seam allowances with straight stitching and iron the cushion</li> </ul> </li> <li>Group 2 learners: <ul> <li>Continue with their knitting</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <li>After 45 minutes the groups rotate and group 1 continues to knit whilst group 2 continues to sew</li>	
7-8	Machine Needlework Knitting	<ul> <li>Identify correct Needlework machine tension</li> <li>Distinguish between upper and lower tension</li> <li>Identify reasons for incorrect</li> </ul>	GRADE 4 first and second year: The teacher demonstrates how to: Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces  GRADE 4 first year:	
	· ····································	Needlework machine tension	The teacher demonstrates how to:	

Grade 4 Term 3			Grade 4 Term 3
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
		<ul> <li>Identify single closed seam finishes, e.g.         Zig-zag stitch         Overlocker stitch         Bias binding</li> <li>Identify and name different types of fasteners, e.g.         Buttons and buttonholes         Zippers         Press studs</li> </ul>	Fuse vilene on the inner fabric pieces  Stitch the batting to the exterior fabric pieces  Position, pin and stitch the inner fabric pieces to the inner lining  Attach the flap fabric piece  GRADE 4 first year  GRADE 4 second year  ADDENDUM 26  ADDENDUM 27  Group 1 learners:  Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces  Fuse the vilene on the inner fabric pieces and stitch the batting to the exterior fabric pieces  Position, pin and stitch the inner fabric pieces to the inner lining and attach the flap fabric piece  GRADE 4 second year
			The teacher demonstrates how to:  Sew a double seam in the pocket section of the bag  Assemble and pin the layers together

	Grade 4 Term 3			
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
			Sew the pockets with contrasting thread  Group 1 learners:	
			Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces	
			Sew a double seam in the pocket section of the bag	
			Assemble and pin the layers together and stitch the pockets with contrasting thread Group 2 learners:	
			Continue to knit suggested articles	
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups sew as well as continue to knit	
	Machine	Discuss how to treat a burn	GRADE 4 first year:	
	Needlework	caused by a hot iron	The teacher demonstrates how to:	
		Revision	Sew the criss cross card holder's inner section to the exterior fabric piece	
			Turn right sides out	
			Close the opening with overhand/whip stitch	
9			Insert press studs	
			Group 1 learners:	
			Sew the criss cross card holder's inner section to the exterior fabric piece	
			Turn right sides out, close the opening with whip stitch and insert the press studs	
			GRADE 4 first year:	
			The teacher demonstrates how to:	

	Grade 4 Term 3		
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			<ul> <li>Stitch ribbons (to tie the accessory bag) in place</li> <li>Finish the raw edges with bias binding</li> <li>Group 1 learners:</li> <li>Sew ribbons (to tie the accessory bag) in place and finish the raw edges with bias binding</li> <li>Group 2 learners:</li> <li>Continue to knit the suggested articles</li> </ul>
10			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups sew as well as continue to knit

#### Grade 4 Term 3 Assessment

Assessment is formally recorded during four (4) practical sessions with a minimum of four (4) skills reported. Learners, regardless of abilities, shall be assessed on the same skill. The following serves as suggestion of skills to record and report on.

	GRADE 4 first year	GRADE 4 second year
Week 2:	Sew a single curved seam on the Needlework machine	Sew a double hem
Week 3:	Sew a doorstopper according to pattern instructions	Sew a cushion according to pattern instructions
Week 4:	lay out pattern pieces using minimum fabric	Cut out pattern pieces on the seam line
Week 5:	Sew a straight double hem	Sew an insert to a central fabric piece
Week 6:	Sew a pillow case according to pattern instructions	Sew a cushion with an insert according to pattern instructions
Week 7:	Fuse vilene on fabric pieces	Sew a double seam
Week 8:	Stitch batting to fabric pieces	Sew fabric pockets
Week 9:	Sew a card holder according to pattern instructions	Sew a makeup bag according to pattern instructions

	GRADE 4 first year	GRADE 4 second year
Week 2:	Identify soft furnishing articles	Explain the terminology: soft furnishing
Week 3:	Discuss how to maintain and care for	Discuss other filling material used in commercial
	cushions	cushions
Week 4:	Identify 1 type of hem	Name 1 type of hem
Week 5:	Discuss how to sew a double hem	Explain the difference between a single and
Wook o.	Discussion to som a double from	double hem
Week 6:	Identify 3 different seam finishes	Name 3 different seam finishes
Week 7:	Distinguish between upper and lower	Identify reasons for incorrect Needlework
WOOK 7.	tension	machine tension
Week 8:	Identify single closed seam finishes	Name single closed seam finishes
Week 9:	Identify different types of fasteners	Name different types of fasteners

# 3.3.4 GRADE 4 TERM 4

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	GRADE 4 TERM 4	
WEEK		The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
1	Machine	Take measurements for a bag	GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:	
	Needlework	List guidelines to purchase a bag	The teacher:	
		Discuss how the packaging of a	Shows the learners examples of a variety of bags that are produced by Needlework	
		product influences the selling	Demonstrates how to measure the actual size of a bag and then how to add the seam	
		thereof	allowances to the measurements	
			Demonstrates how to lay out and pin the commercial pattern on the fabric and cut the bag	
			(ADDENDUM 31 & 32)	
			GRADE 4 first year GRADE 4 second year	
	Ka ittin a		ADDENDUM 31 ADDENDUM 32	
	Knitting			
			GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:	
			Group 1 learners:	
			Lay out and pin the pattern to the fabric	
			Cut the pattern pieces out	
			Group 2 learners:e	

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	GRADE 4 TERM 4
WEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Continue to knit the headbands
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups lay out their pattern as
			well as continue to knit
	Machine	List the guidelines to purchase	GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:
	Needlework	readymade clothes	The teacher demonstrates how to:
		Choose suitable fabric to make a	sew the pattern pieces together to make the bag
		garment	press the seams
			finish the raw edges with straight stitch
			sew the handles
			insert the handles
			iron the completed article
			package bags
			GRADE 4 first year:
2-4			Group 1 learners:
			Sew the pattern pieces together, press and finish off raw seam edges, sew handles and
			insert the handles
			Iron and package the completed article
			Group 2 learners:
			Continue to knit the suggested articles
	Knitting		After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups work on the Needlework machines as well as continue to knit

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	GRADE 4 TERM 4
WEEK		The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
5 - 6	TOPIC  Machine Needlework		Techniques, activities, resources and process notes  GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:  The teacher:  Shows examples of different apron styles and discusses the advantages of the different styles  Demonstrates how to lay out and pin the pattern to the fabric  Cut the pattern pieces  Zig-zag the raw edges and stitch a single hem  Sew the waistband/apron ties and neck band  GRADE 4 first year  GRADE 4 second year  ADDENDUM 36  ADDENDUM 37  GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:
			<ul> <li>GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:</li> <li>Group 1 learners:</li> <li>Lay out, pin the pattern to the fabric and cut the pattern pieces</li> <li>Overlock the raw edges and stitch a single hem</li> <li>Sew the waistband/apron ties and neck band</li> <li>Group 2 learners:</li> </ul>

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	GRADE 4 TERM 4
WLLK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Continue to knit their articles
	Knitting		After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups work on the Needlework
			machines as well as continue to knit
	Machine	Identify the characteristics of a	
	Needlework	well-planned wardrobe	GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:
		Describe a well-planned	The teacher demonstrates how to:
		wardrobe	Attach the waistband /apron ties and neck band to the apron
	Knitting	List the steps to take into	Iron and package the completed product
7-9		consideration when planning a	
1-3		wardrobe	GRADE 4 first year as well as second year:
		Identify and describe reasons for	Group 1 and 2 learners
		planning a wardrobe	Complete their Needlework articles as well as knitted items
		Discuss the importance of good	Package articles
		personal hygiene during	
		adulthood	
10			

#### Grade 4 Term 4 Assessment

Assessment is formally recorded during four (4) practical sessions with a minimum of four (4) skills reported. Learners, regardless of abilities, shall be assessed on the same skill. The following serves as suggestion of skills to record and report on.

	GRADE 4 first year	GRADE 4 second year
Week 2:	Iron fabric before cutting the pattern	Press the completed article
Week 3:	Sew handles for a bag	Insert bag handles in seam
Week 4:	Sew a bag according to pattern instructions	Sew a bag with a base according to pattern instructions
Week 5:	Sew a waistband	Sew a neckband for an apron
Week 6:	Pin pattern pieces perpendicular to the seam line	Cut pattern pieces on cutting line
Week 7:	Attach a waistband to an apron	Attach a neckband to an apron
Week 8:	Use backstitch to start Needlework	Use backstitch to end off Needlework
Week 9:	Sew a waist apron according to pattern instructions	Sew an apron with a bib according to pattern instructions

	GRADE 4 first year	GRADE 4 second year
Week 2:	List 2 guidelines to purchase readymade clothes	List 4 guidelines to purchase readymade clothes
Week 3:	Choose suitable fabric to make a garment	Choose suitable fabric to make an apron
Week 4:	Identify 2 seam types	Name to seam types
Week 5:	Identify different apron styles	State the advantages of an apron with a bib
Week 6:	Identify a single and double hem	Describe the difference between a single and double hem
Week 7:	Identify the characteristics of a well-planned wardrobe	Describe 2 characteristics of a well-planned wardrobe
Week 8:	List 2 criteria to take into consideration when planning a wardrobe	List 4 criteria to take into consideration when planning a wardrobe
Week 9:	Identify 2 reasons for planning a wardrobe	Describe 2 reasons for planning a wardrobe

### 3.3.5 Grade 5 Term 1

	Grade 5 Term 1		
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
		The learner must able to:	
1	The consumer	Understand the concept of	Grade 5 first year as well as second year:
		Consumer Studies Needlework	Learner activities:
		List suggestions for classroom	List suggestions for classroom rules
		rules and repeat rules with	Repeat the rules with prompting
		prompting	Role play to wash and dry their hands
		Understand and describe the	
		concept: Consumer	The teacher:
		List and explain consumer rights	Provides the learners with either flip files or files with plastic sleeves (or books) to file their
		Identify and state one function of	samplers. The learners may continue in their Grade 4 files / books The files are kept at
		the following equipment:	school.
		Tape measure	Orientates the learners towards:
		Dressmaker's scissors	- the class room layout
		Pins and pin cushion	- their individual work spaces
		Needlework thread	- the articles that they will sew during the year by showing examples of completed articles
		Needlework needles – hand	- the articles that they will knit during the year by showing examples of completed articles
		Machine Needlework needles	
		Needlework machine	The teacher:
		Electric iron	Demonstrates how to safely use the following equipment: Tailor's chalk, tracing wheel,
		Ironing board	metal measure, homemade measuring card, seam ripper / quick unpick
		Tailor's chalk	Shows a video of how to extinguish an electrical fire

	Grade 5 Term 1				
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes		
		The learner must able to:			
		Tracing wheel Metal measure	Allocates working spaces to each learner		
		Homemade measuring card	The learners:		
		Seam ripper / quick unpick	Practise to wash and dry their hands		
		• Describe the meaning of	Practise to safely use the mentioned equipment		
		personal hygiene	Practise to plug and unplug electric equipment		
	Hygiene and safety	<ul> <li>Conform to personal hygiene practises in the Consumer Studies Needlework centre</li> </ul>			
		State the dangers of electricity			
		Explain how to extinguish an electrical fire			
2 -3	Machine	Use correct posture in front of an	Grade 5 first year as well as second year:		
	Needlework	overlocker	The teacher demonstrates:		
		<ul> <li>Provide reasons why it is necessary to use the correct</li> </ul>	how to cover and uncover the overlocker before and after use  Shoulders relaxed Machine bed		
		<ul><li>posture during Needlework</li><li>Understand the primary function</li></ul>	the posture in front of an overlocker      the posture in front		
		of an overlocker	The teacher:		
		Identify the difference between a	Identifies the parts of an overlocker		
		two, three and four spool overlocker	Stitches on fabric strips to demonstrate the function of the cutter, the speed of an overlocker as well as the correct stitch		
		Identify a needle threader	tension. Use different colours for the upper and lower looper to distinguish between the functions of each part of the overlocker		

	Grade 5 Term 1						
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resou	rces and process notes			
		The learner must able to:					
	Knitting	<ul> <li>Identify the parts of a overlocker, namely the:</li> <li>Needlework light waste collector</li> </ul>	The teacher divides the class into two groups:  Grade 5 first, second and third year  Group 1 learners:				
		cutter spool holder tension dials needle bar and needle pressure foot	<ul> <li>Practise the correct posture</li> <li>Practise to overlock different</li> <li>Group 2</li> <li>The teacher:</li> </ul>				
		feeder plate / feed dog stitch length control foot control hand wheel  Describe the function of the parts above  Describe how to care for an overlocker  Identify tools and material to knit, namely: a pair of double-pointed knitting needles round needles double knit and four ply yarn	Shows examples of complete	eted knitted articles that the lease earners each with a pair of knitt on stitches if necessary  Grade 5 with diff 1st year			
				g Grade 5. Grade 5 first year	ADDENDUM 45  nples of completed knitted articles learners knit baby boots, second g the first six months		

	Grade 5 Term 1					
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes			
		The learner must able to:				
		chunky and textured yarn				
			The learners:			
			Cast on stitches and commence with knitting their suggested articles. This project will continue			
			and be completed by the end of the second term.			
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate.			
			The overlocker exercises are filed in the learners' sampler files.			
4	Machine	Find an image in the overlocker	Grade 5 first , second and third year			
	Needlework	manual that shows how to thread	The teacher:			
		the overlocker	Demonstrates how to thread the overlocker			
		Understand how to thread the	Shows the learners how to cover and uncover the overlocker			
		overlocker	Demonstrates how to dust the overlocker			
		Thread an overlocker				
		Handle the overlocker with care	Grade 5 first , second and third year			
		Provide reasons why it is	Group 1 learners:			
		necessary to handle an	With the assistance of the teacher practise to thread the overlocker			
		overlocker with care				
		Dust the overlocker before and	Group 2 learners:			
		after use	Continue to knit garter stitch			
	Knitting					
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate and group 1 continues to knit while group 2 practises, with			
			the assistance of the teacher, to thread an overlocker.			
			Grade 5second and third year			

	Grade 5 Term 1					
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes			
		The learner must able to:				
			These learners practise similar skills to the first year learners and may assist the teacher with			
			the first year learners to acquire the skills			
			Group 2 learners			
			Continue with knitting articles			
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate and group 1 continues to knit while group 2 practises to thread			
			the overlocker			
5	Machine	Disable the cutter	Grade 5 first , second and third year			
	Needlework	Describe the main advantage of	The teacher demonstrates how to:			
disabling the cutter • inser		disabling the cutter	insert a needle			
		Insert a needle	disable the cutter			
		Identify and sew a French seam	sew a roller hem			
		Identify and sew a rolled hem	Grade 5 first , second and third year			
		Identify fabrics suitable for a	Group 1 learners:			
		French seam	With the assistance of the teacher practise to insert a needle			
			Practise to sew a roller hem on a sampler			
			Practise to sew a french seam on a sampler			
			Rolled hem - overlocker French seam - overlocker			
	Knitting					

			Grade 5 Term 1
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
		The learner must able to:	
			Group 2 learners:
			Continue to knit the suggested article until the end of the second term
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate and group 1 continues to knit while group 2, with the
			assistance of the teacher, practises to insert a needle, disable the cutter and sew a roller hem
			as well as a French seam. Both samplers are filed in the learners' sampler files
6	Machine	Understand the terminology:	Grade 5 first , second and third year
	Needlework	synthetic fabrics	The teacher:
		Identify and name synthetic	Shows the learners different types of synthetic fabric
		fabrics	Demonstrates how to test for synthetic fabric, namely to burn the fabric with a match and
		• Identify leather and leather	the fabric will melt
		substitutes	Shows the learners the difference between the right and the wrong side of synthetic fabrics
		Distinguish between cotton, wool	Shows the learners three or four commercial patterns
		and synthetic fabrics	Demonstrate how to apply the information on a pattern envelope
		Distinguish between the right and	
		wrong side of synthetic fabrics	Grade 5 first year
		Describe the function of a	Group 1 and 2 learners:
		commercial Needlework pattern	Execute the synthetic fabric experiment in small groups of 2 learners and file the result in
		Demonstrate how to apply the	sampler files
		information on a pattern	Practise to distinguish between the right and wrong side of a variety of synthetic fabrics
		envelope	Identify the pattern number and sizes available on the knitting pattern
	Mariation o		Continue to knit the suggested articles
	Knitting	Identify a commercial knitting	
		pattern	

			Grade 5 Term 1		
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, reso	ources and process notes	
		The learner must able to:			
			Grade 5second and third ye	ear	
			The teacher		
			Demonstrates how to pla	ace the pattern pieces on the fab	oric, pin the pattern pieces and cut
			the pieces out. Grade 52 <sup>n</sup>	<sup>nd</sup> year learners sew a baby bib (a	addendum 4) and 3 <sup>rd</sup> year learners
			sew slippers (ADDENDU	M 5)	
			Grade 5 with diff 1st year	Grade 5 with diff 1st year	Grade 5 with diff 1st year
			ADDENDUM 3	ADDENDUM 4	ADDENDUM 5
			Group 1 and 2 learners:	orn pioces	
			Lay out, pin and cut pattern pieces		
			Continue to knit the sugg	ested articles	
			After 45 minutes the groups re	otate and group 1 continues to k	nit while group 2 learners continue
			with Needlework articles		
7	Machine	Know the difference in the quality	Grade 5 first year		
	Needlework	of different fabrics	The teacher demonstrates ho	ow to:	

			Grade 5 Term 1
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
		The learner must able to:	
		Discuss the requirements for	• Place the pattern pieces on the fabric, pin the pattern pieces and cut the pieces out
		quality products	(ADDENDUM 3)
		Identify and describe suitable	Sew closed seams, overlock and turn right side out
		packaging material for	Decorate the completed article with top stitching
		Needlework articles	
			Group 1 learners
			Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces
			Sew and overlock the seams
			Group 2 learners
			Continue to knit the suggested article until the end of the second term.
			Grade 5second year
			The teacher:
			Demonstrates how to sew the baby bibs
			Clip the curved seams and trim the corners
			Turn the bib right side out
			Group 1 learners:
			Sew the bibs
			Clip curved seams and trim corners
			Turn bib right side out
			Group 2 learners

			Grade 5 Term 1
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
		The learner must able to:	
			Continue to knit the suggested article until the end of the second term
			Grade 5third year
			The teacher:
			Sew the fabric sole pieces over the shoe insert
			Sew the back seam of the slipper upper sections and stitch to sole
			Clip inside curves
			Overlock the seam edges and turn the slipper sirght-side out
			Group 1 learners sew the suggested slippers while group 2 learners continue to knit their
			scarves. After 45 minutes the groups rotate.
8-9	Machine	Understand the information on	Grade 5 first , second and third year
	Needlework	clothing labels	The teacher:
	Fibres and	Apply the information on labels	Shows the learners different information labels on clothing
	fabrics	Identify piling	Discuss the information on the labels
		Discuss the reasons for piling	Show examples of piling
			Grade 5 first year
			Group 1 learners complete their infinity scarves while group 2 learners continue to knit. After 45
			minutes the groups rotate until both groups have completed their head bands
			Grade 5second year
			Group 1 learners complete their baby bibs, iron the completed article and round off with top
			stitching. Group 2 learners continue to knit mittens/hats. After 45 minutes the groups rotate until
			both groups have completed their baby bibs

			Grade 5 Term 1
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Grade 5third year  Group 1 learners complete their slippers while group 2 learners continue to knit scarves. After 45 minutes the groups rotate until both groups have completed their slippers
10			

#### **Grade 5 Term 1 Assessment**

Assessment is formally recorded during four (4) practical sessions with a minimum of four (4) skills reported. Learners, regardless of abilities, shall be assessed on the same skill. The following serves as suggestion of skills to record and report on.

	Grade 5 first year	Grade 5second year	Grade 5third year
Week 2:	Identify 4 parts of an overlocker	Name 4 parts of an overlocker	Name 8 parts of an overlocker
Week 3:	Use the correct posture in front of the overlocker	Use the correct posture in front of the overlocker and Needlework machine	Identify posture mistakes of other learners in front of the overlocker and state how to rectify these
Week 4:	Understand how to thread the overlocker	Thread the overlocker with assistance	Thread the overlocker independently
Week 5:	Disable the overlocker cutter	Sew a French seam with the overlocker	Sew a roller hem with the overlocker
Week 6:	Safely test for synthetic fabric	Identify the right and wrong side of synthetic fabric	Identify the right and wrong side of natural as well as synthetic fabric
Week 7:	Overlock a closed seam	Clip convex seams	Sew closed seam and overlock raw edges
Week 8:	Turn right sides out and top stitch on the edge of article	Clip concave seams	Follow pattern instructions to sew slippers
Week 9:	Sew an infinity scarf according to pattern instructions	Sew a baby bib according to pattern instructions	Sew slipper according to pattern instructions

Four theoretical activities are assessed and recorded, however, a minimum of 1 theoretical activity is reported on. The following serves as suggestions of theoretical activities to report on.

	Grade 5 first year	Grade 5second year	Grade 5third year
Week 2:	Describe the function of 2 parts of the	Describe the function of 4 parts of the overlocker	Describe the function of 6 parts of the overlocker
vveek 2.	overlocker		
Week 3:	Identify a 2, 3 and 4 spool overlocker	Describe the difference between a 2 and 3 spool	Describe the difference between a 3 and 4 spool
	identily a 2, 3 and 4 spool overlocker	overlocker	overlocker

Week 4:	Provide 1 reason to explain why it is necessary to handle the overlocker with care	Provide 2 reasons to explain why it is necessary to handle the overlocker with care	Provide 3 reasons to explain why it is necessary to handle the overlocker with care
Week 5:	Identify a roller hem produced by an overlocker	Describe the difference between a roller hem and French seam when using the overlocker	Describe the advantage of disabling the cutter
Week 6:	Identify synthetic fabrics	Name 2 synthetic fabrics	Distinguish between cotton, wool and synthetic fabrics
Week 7:	Discuss one requirement for a quality product	Discuss two requirements for a quality product	Discuss three requirements for a quality product
Week 8:	Understand the information on clothing labels	Describe the information on labels	Identify piling
Week 9:	Name the symbols on clothing labels	Apply the information on labels	Discuss the reasons for piling

# 3.3.6 Grade 5 Term 2

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 2
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
1	Machine	List factors that influence	Grade 5 first year, second year as well as third year:
	Needlework	our buying behaviour	The teacher:
		• Understand the	Shows the learners examples of household items that are produced by Needlework, e.g. curtain,
		terminology: household	duvet cover, oven mittens, cushions, place mats and explains the terminology
		articles	Demonstrates how to measure the actual size of a household article and then how to add the seam
		List a variety of household	allowances
		articles produced by	Demonstrates on a sampler how to sandwich fabric and batting together and secure with pins
		Needlework	Tack the layers in place and quilt the sampler with the Needlework machine
		• Revise how to take	
		measurements for	Grade 5 first year, second year as well as third year:
		household articles	Group 1 learners:
		• Revise the different types	Sandwich sampler fabric and batting together and secure with pins
		of batting and how to use	Secure the layers in place with tacking stitch and sew the sampler
		batting in household	File the sampler in sampler files
		articles	
		<ul> <li>Identify satin stitch</li> </ul>	Group 2 learners:
			Continue to knit the squares for their baby booties, gloves and scarves
			Grade 5 first year
			The teacher demonstrates:
			How to trace templates onto Vilene
			How to iron Vilene onto fabric
			Satin stitch on a sampler

Techniques, activities, resources and process notes  Grade 5 first year The learners:  Sew satin stitch on a sampler and file the samplers in their sampler files  Trace the templates onto Vilene Iron Vilene onto fabric  After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both sandwich the fabric and batting pin, tack as well as continue to knit  Grade 5 first , second and third year The teacher:  Demonstrates how to sandwich fabric layers together and quilt with the Needlework made to be more onto Vilene  Iron Vilene onto fabric  Identify lengthwise yarns Identify crosswise yarns  Transfer motive outlines onto Vilene Iron Vilene onto fabric List the main function for using Vilene in	WEEK TOPI	DIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 2			
The learners:  Sew satin stitch on a sampler and file the samplers in their sampler files  Trace the templates onto Vilene Iron Vilene onto fabric  After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both sandwich the fabric and batting pin, tack as well as continue to knit  Grade 5 first, second and third year  The teacher:  Demonstrates how to sandwich fabric layers together and quilt with the Needlework made to be performed by the sampler of the sampler files.  Transfer motive outlines onto Vilene Iron Vilene onto fabric List the main function for using Vilene in  The teacher:  Demonstrates how to sandwich fabric layers together and quilt with the Needlework made onto Vilene Transfer motive outlines onto Vilene Iron Vilene onto fabric List the main function for using Vilene in	WEEK TOPI	PIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resor	urces and process notes		
ADDENDUM 8 ADDENDUM 9 ADDENDUM 10	Mach Need Safet Knittii	chine edlework ety	pattern terminology correctly  Identify lengthwise yarns Identify crosswise yarns Transfer motive outlines onto Vilene Iron Vilene onto fabric List the main function for	The learners:  Sew satin stitch on a samp Trace the templates onto Note Iron Vilene onto fabric  After 45 minutes the groups rough, tack as well as continue to Grade 5 first, second and the The teacher:  Demonstrates how to same Demonstrates how to cut to Grade 5 with diff 1st year	vitate in order to ensure that both o knit  nird year  dwich fabric layers together and the pattern pieces on the quilter  Grade 5 with diff 2 <sup>nd</sup> year	h sandwich the fabric and batting d quilt with the Needlework maced fabric (ADDENDA 8 & 9 & 10)  Grade 5 with diff 3 <sup>rd</sup> year	hine

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 2
VVEEN	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Grade 5 first , second and third year
			Group 1 learners:
			Arrange fabric and batting layers correctly and quilt with the Needlework machine
			Cut the pattern pieces using quilted fabric
			Group 2 learners:
			Continue to knit articles
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups do Needlework as well as
			continue to knit
	Machine	Discuss how to cut bias	Grade 5 first , second and third year
	Needlework	binding at home	The teacher:
		Encase raw seams with	Demonstrates how to sew the pattern pieces together
		bias binding	Shows examples of different commercially available bias binding and demonstrates how to sew bias
	Safety	Tell the function of bias	binding onto articles
		binding	Demonstrates how to encase the raw edges of the potholder and oven mittens with bias binding
		List the advantages of	
4	Knitting	using bias binding to finish	Grade 5 first and second year
		raw edges	The learners:
			Sew the pattern pieces together
			Encase the raw edges of the potholder and oven mittens with bias binding
			Grade 5 first and second year
			The learners:
			Sew the pattern pieces together

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 2
VVEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Attach a band around the lower, inner edge of the glove
			Turn the oven glove inside out and sew the band along the outer edge
			Group 2 learners:
			Continue to knit articles
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups do Needlework as well as continue
			to knit
5	Machine	Provide examples of	Grade 5 first year, second year as well as third year:
	Needlework	household storage items	The teacher demonstrates how to:
		produced by Needlework	Lay and pin the pattern on the fabric
		Describe the function of	Cut the pattern pieces
	Knitting	storage items	Transfer the pattern markings
		State one advantage of	
		producing sewn household	Group 1 learners:
		storage items	Lay out and pin the pattern to the fabric (ADDENDUM 13 - 15)
		Discuss safety guidelines	Cut the pattern pieces
		during ironing and pressing	Transfer the pattern markings
			Grade 5 with diff 1 <sup>st</sup> year Grade 5 with diff 2 <sup>nd</sup> year Grade 5 with diff 3 <sup>rd</sup> year
			TEHOOL

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 2			
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resour	ces and process notes		
			ADDENDUM 13	ADDENDUM 14	ADDENDUM 15	
			Group 2 learners:			
			Continue to knit suggested a	articles		
			After 45 minutes the groups rot	ate in order to ensure that both	groups lay out their pattern as	well as
			continue to knit			
	Machine	Identify incorrect	Grade 5 first year			
	Needlework	Needlework machine	The teacher:			
		tension, e.g. loosened top	Demonstrates how to place	the appliqué motifs on the fabric	and secure with magic tape	
		and too tight top tension	Secure the motifs with satin	stitch to the background fabric		
	Knitting	Identify incorrect	Sew the batting to the wrong	g side of the fabric		
		overlocker tension				
		Identify the tension plate	Group 1 learners:			
		responsible for incorrect	Secure the applique motive	es with magic tape on the back	ground fabric and use satin s	stitch to
6-7		tension	applique the motifs on the b	ackground fabric		
0-7		Identify direction to turn				
		tension knob to correct	Group 2 learners:			
		tension	Start to cast off stitches and	sew the baby booties together		
		Identify darts				
		Identify the steps to sew	Grade 5second year			
		darts	The teacher:			
			Demonstrates how to place	2 layers of fabric pattern pieces	and one layer batting together a	and pin
			Stitcharound the edges			

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 2
VVEEN	TOPIC		Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Group 1 learners:
			Pin fabric layers and batting together and stitch around the edges
			Group 2 learners:
			Start to cast off stitches and weave the mittens' side seams
			Grade 5third year
			The teacher demonstrates how to:
			Pin and sew the four darts
			Pin all layers of the four flaps together and sew the bias tape around the edges, but not at the bottom
			Group 1 learners:
			Pin and sew the four darts
			Pin all layers of the four flaps together and sew the bias tape around the edges, but not at the bottom
			Group 2 learners:
			Start to cast off stitches and make the tassles
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups lay out their pattern as well as
			continue to knit
	Hand	<ul> <li>Identify seam finishes –</li> </ul>	Grade 5 first year
8-9	Needlework	single closed seam with	The teacher:
		overlocker seam finish	Overlock the raw edges and cut corners to reduce bulkiness
	Knitting		Fold seams and stitch seams

WEEK	TODIC	IC CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 2
WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
WEEK	TOPIC	Identify seam finishes — single open seam with overlocker seam finish     Identify fabrics suitable for a French seam     Describe the difference between a closed seam and French seam	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes  • Stitch the four sides of the schoolhouse using whip stitch  Single open seam - overlocker  Closed seam - overlocker  French seam - overlocker  Group 1 learners:  • Overlock the raw edges and cut corners to reduce bulkiness  • Fold seams, stitch seams and sew the four sides of the schoolhouse using whip stitch and package  Group 2 learners:  • Package baby booties  Grade 5 second year  The teacher:  • Cut corners to reduce bulkiness  • Turn right sides out
			<ul> <li>Stitch the four sides</li> <li>Group 1 learners:</li> <li>Cut corners to reduce bulkiness, turn right sides out, sew the four sides and package</li> </ul>

WEEK	TOPIC	C CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 2
WLLK	TOFIC		Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Group 2 learners:
			Package mittens
			Grade 5third year
			The teacher demonstrates how to:
			Pin the four flaps to the circular base
			Pin and sew the basket lining onto a band
			Overlock the raw edges
			Sew a casing in the lining and insert elastic
			Group 1 learners:
			Pin the four flaps to the circular base
			Pin and sew the basket lining onto a band and overlock the raw edges
			Sew a casing in the lining and insert elastic
			Group 2 learners:
			Package Needlework articles
10	Assessmen	t	,

#### Grade 5 Term 2 Assessment

Assessment is formally recorded during four (4) practical sessions with a minimum of four (4) skills reported. Learners, regardless of abilities, shall be assessed on the same skill. The following serves as suggestion of skills to record and report on.

	Grade 5 first year	Grade 5second year	Grade 5third year
Week 2:	Transfer motive outlines onto Vilene	Iron Vilene onto fabric	Arrange fabric and batting correctly before quilting with the Needlework machine
Week 3:	Cut pattern pieces on quilted fabric	Quilt with the Needlework machine with assistance	Quilt with the Needlework machine
Week 4:	Sew a potholder according to pattern instructions	Sew oven gloves according to pattern instructions	Sew quilted oven gloves according to pattern instructions
Week 5:	Lay out pattern on batting	Pin pattern on batting with pins perpendicular to seam line	Transfer pattern markings on batting
Week 6:	Secure the applique motives with magic tape on the background fabric	Pin fabric layers and batting before Needlework	Pin darts
Week 7:	Secure appliqué motifs with magic tape	Cast off knitting	Sew darts
Week 8:	Sew satin stitch	Sew knitted articles side seams	Insert elastic in lining
Week 9:	Package knitted article	Choose suitable packaging material to package Needlework article	Package Needlework article

Four theoretical activities are assessed and recorded, however, a minimum of 1 theoretical activity is reported on. The following serves as suggestions of theoretical activities to report on.

Grade 5 first year	Grade 5second year	Grade 5third year
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Week 2:	List a variety of household articles produced by Needlework	Identify different types of batting	Describe how to use batting to produce Needlework items
Week 3:	Identify lengthwise yarns	Identify crosswise yarns	List the main function for using Vilene in Needlework
Week 4:	Identify bias binding	Tell the function of bias binding	List the advantages of using bias binding to finish raw edges
Week 5:	Provide examples of household storage items produced by Needlework	Provide examples of household storage items produced by Needlework	State one advantage of producing sewn household storage items
Week 6:	Identify incorrect Needlework machine tension, e.g. loosened top	Identify incorrect overlocker tension	Identify a dart
Week 7:	Identify incorrect Needlework machine tension, e.g. too tight top tension	Identify the tension plate responsible for incorrect tension	Identify direction to turn tension knob to correct tension
Week 8:	Identify single closed seam with overlocker seam finish	Identify single open seam with overlocker seam finish	Identify fabrics suitable for a French seam
Week 9:	Identify single closed seam finished with overlocking stitch	Identify single open seam finished with overlocking stitch	Describe the difference between a closed seam and French seam

# 3.3.7 Grade 5 Term 3

MEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 3			
WEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes			
1 -2	Machine Needlework	<ul> <li>Analyse shopping outlets in their area</li> <li>Understand and explain the terminology: soft furnishing</li> <li>Identify suitable fabric for cushions and soft toys</li> <li>List a variety of soft toys to sew</li> <li>Identify uses for soft toys</li> <li>Know how to straighten the grain of fabric</li> <li>Practise how to straighten the grain of fabric</li> </ul>	The teacher:  Shows the learners examples of varioussoft toys made from different fabric types  Demonstrates how to straighten the grain of fabric before layout			
	Knitting		ADDENDUM 18 ADDENDUM 19 ADDENDUM 20			
			Grade 5 first year:			
			The teacher demonstrates how to:			
			Pin ribbon to fabric piece and sews in place			

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 3
WEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Pin and stitch a double hem on both sides of the long fabric piece
			Group 1 learners:
			Lay out, pin and cut pattern on the fabric
			Pin and sew ribbon in place and stitch a double hem on both sides of the long fabric piece
			Grade 5second year:
			The teacher demonstrates how to:
			Stitch the fish's dorsal fin with right sides facing
			Trim excess seam allowance
			Turn the fin right side out
			Position and pin the fin onto the side pattern piece
			Sew the two sides together
			Sew the side fins
			Position and pin the side fins onto the bottom pattern piece
			Group 1 learners:
			Lay out, pin and cut a commercial pattern on the fabric
			Stitch the fish's dorsal fin with right sides facing
			Trim excess seam allowance, turn the fin right side out, position and pin the fin onto the side
			pattern piece

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 3
WEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Sew the two sides together, sew the side fins, position and pin the side fins onto the bottom
			pattern piece
			Grade 5third year:
			The teacher demonstrates how to:
			Position the hair on the face, pins and sew
			Place the face on the dress, right sides together, pin and stitch
			Match leg pattern and arm pieces and stitch around
			Clip seam allowance
			Turn right side out, press and stuff the limbs
			Pin and sew arms and legs in position
			Group 1 learners:
			Lay out, pin and cut a commercial pattern on the fabric
			Position the hair on the face, pin and sew
			Place the face on the dress, right sides together, pin and stitch
			Match leg pattern and arm pieces and stitch around, clip seam allowance
			Turn right side out, press and stuff the limbs, pin and stitch arms and legs in position
			Grade 5 first , second and third year:
			Group 2 learners:

WEEK	TODIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 3
WEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Cast on stitches and knit articles in garter stitch. Learners should complete the knitted articles by the end of the year  Grade 5 1st year with diff Grade 5 2nd year with diff Grade 5 3rd year with diff  ADDENDUM 48 ADDENDUM 49 ADDENDUM 50 After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups lay out their pattern as well as continue to knit
3	Machine Needlework	<ul> <li>Discuss how to maintain and care for cushions and soft toys</li> <li>Identify different machine needle sizes, e.g.         <ul> <li>12, 14, 16</li> </ul> </li> <li>Identify different types of fasteners, e.g.         <ul> <li>Press studs</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Grade 5 first year: The teacher demonstrates how to: Insert press studs as fasteners for bolster cushion Pin and stitch a double hem on both short ends of the fabric Insert a string and pull tight  Group 1 learners Insert press studs as fasteners for bolster cushion Pin and stitch a double hem on both short ends of the fabric, insert a string and pull tight

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 3	
WEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
	Knitting	button and buttonhole/loop zip velcro hook and eye List one suitable Needlework	Grade 5second year:  The teacher demonstrates how to:  Position and pin the dolphin's side fins onto the bottom pattern piece  Sew the bottom pattern piece to the side pattern pieces	
		<ul> <li>example for each type of fastener</li> <li>Know the technique to stuff toys</li> <li>Practise the stuffing of toys</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Trim outer corners and clips inner corners</li> <li>Turn inside out</li> <li>Stuff the dolphin</li> <li>Close the opening with whip stitch</li> <li>Sew eyes in place</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Group 1 learners:</li> <li>Position and pin the dolphin's side fins onto the bottom pattern piece and sew the bottom pattern piece to the side pattern pieces</li> <li>Trim outer corners and clips inner corners, turn inside out and stuff the dolphin</li> <li>Close the opening with whip stitch and sew eyes in place</li> </ul>	
			Grade 5third year:  The teacher demonstrates how to:  Pin and stitch front pattern pieces to doll's back pattern pieces  Turn right side out	

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 3	
WLLK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
			Stuff the doll	
			Close the opening with whip stitch	
			Embroider eyelashes, eyes, nose and mouth using back stitch	
			Sew buttons in position	
			Group 1 learners:	
			Pin and stitch front pattern pieces to doll's back pattern pieces, turn right side out and stuff the doll	
			Close the opening with whip stitch, embroider eyelashes, eyes, nose and mouth using back stitch	
			Sew buttons in position	
			Group 2 learners:	
			Continue to knit their articles	
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups lay out their pattern as well	
			as continue to knit	
4-5	Machine	Explain the terminology: pile of	Grade 5 first , second and third year:	
	Needlework	fabric	The teacher demonstrates how to	
		Provide examples of suitable	Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces	
		articles to make with fur and		
	Knitting	fleece	Grade 5 1 <sup>st</sup> year with diff. Grade 5 2 <sup>nd</sup> year with diff. Grade 5 3 <sup>rd</sup> year with diff.	

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 3
VVEEN	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
		<ul> <li>Provide a reason for using pile fabric to produce soft toys</li> <li>Provide a reason for not ironing pile fabrics</li> <li>Explain the reason for clipping convex and concave seams</li> <li>Discuss what will happen if curved seams are not clipped</li> </ul>	ADDENDUM 23 ADDENDUM 24 ADDENDUM 25

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 3	
VVLLK	TOFIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
			Grade 5second year:	
			The teacher demonstrates how to:	
			Transfer pattern markings to fabric pieces	
			Applique the face panel on the front fabric piece	
			Applique the remainding details	
			Group 1 learners:	
			Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces	
			Transfer pattern markings to fabric pieces, applique the face panel on the front fabric piece	
			amd the remainding details	
			Grade 5third year:	
			The teacher demonstrates how to	
			Transfer pattern markings to fabric pieces	
			Stitch the body and leave opening to stuff the body	
			Stitch the legs, tail and ears	
			Clip inside curves	
			Group 1 learners:	
			Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces and transfer pattern markings to fabric pieces	
			Stitch the body and leave opening to stuff the body	

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 3
WEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Stitch the legs, tail, ears and clip inside curves
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups sew as well as continue to
			knit.
		Revise how to stuff toys	Grade 5 first year:
		Revise the different types of	The teacher demonstrates how to:
		fasteners	Sew and snip into the inner points of the star shaped cushion
		Sew buttons to fabric	Turn the right side out
		Discuss the importance of	Stuff the cushion
		ironing while constructing an	Hand stitch (overhand/whip stitch) the opening closed
		article	Secure a button in the centre of the cushion
6			Group 1 learners:
			Sew and snip into the inner points of the star shaped cushion, turn the right side out
			Stuff the cushion and hand stitch the opening closed
			Secure a button in the centre of the cushion
			Coours a suiter in the control of the custine.
			Grade 5second year:
			The teacher demonstrates how to:
			Sew the bunny's front fabric piece onto the back
			Stuff the bunny

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 3	
VVEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
			Hand stitch the opening with whip stitch	
			Group 1 learners:	
			Sew the bunny's front fabric piece onto the back, stuff the bunny and hand stitch the opening	
			with whip stitch	
			Grade 5third year:	
			The teacher demonstrates how to	
			Stuff the dog's body and hand stitch the opening closed	
			Attach the tail, ears and legs	
			Secure the eyes with whip stitch	
			Stitch the nose by hand	
			Group 1 learners:	
			Stuff the dog's body and hand stitch the opening closed	
			Attach the tail, ears and legs, secure the eyes and stitch the nose by hand	
			Group 2 learners:	
			Continue with their knitting	
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups sew as well as continue to	
			knit.	

WEEK TOPIC		CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 3	
WLLK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
7-8	Machine Needlework Knitting	<ul> <li>Identify correct overlocker tension</li> <li>Distinguish between upper and lower tension</li> <li>Identify reasons for incorrect overlocker tension</li> <li>Identify a zipper</li> <li>Identify different types of zippers</li> <li>Identify the Needlework machine foot to sew a zipper</li> <li>Change the Needlework machine needle to the correct position to sew a zipper</li> <li>Stitch a zipper with even width</li> <li>Practise to sew a zipper in place</li> <li>State the reason for using Vilene in Needlework</li> <li>Choose a suitable type of Vilene for a specific article</li> </ul>	Grade 5 first , second and third year:  The teacher demonstrates how to  • to lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces  • iron vilene onto the allocated pattern pieces  • Insert the zippers with a zipper foot  • Sew the side seams  Grade 5 1st year with diff Grade 5 2nd year with diff Grade 5 3rd year with diff  ADDENDUM 28  ADDENDUM 29  ADDENDUM 30  Group 1 learners:  • Insert a zipper on a sampler and file the sampler in their files  • Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces  • Iron vilene onto the allocated pattern pieces  • Insert the zippers with a zipper foot	

and process notes
order to ensure that both groups sew as well as continue to
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nding
ms, finish the raw edges with bias binding and package the
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WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 3
WEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Sew the side seams
			Overlock the raw seam edges
			Turn the right sides out
			Package the completed article
			Group 1 learners:
			Sew, overlock the raw seam edges and turn the right sides out
			Package the completed article
			Group 2 learners:
			Continue to knit their articles
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups lay out their pattern as well as
			continue to knit
10	Assessmen	Ė	

#### Grade 5 Term 3 Assessment

Assessment is formally recorded during four (4) practical sessions with a minimum of four (4) skills reported. Learners, regardless of abilities, shall be assessed on the same skill. The following serves as suggestion of skills to record and report on.

	Grade 5 first year	Grade 5second year	Grade 5third year
Week 2:	Sew a double hem	Distinguish between pattern pieces that look alike and sew according to pattern instructions	Pin and sew doll limbs' in correct position according to pattern instructions
Week 3:	Sew a bolster cushion according to pattern instructions	Sew a toy dolphin according to pattern instructions	Sew a toy doll according to pattern instructions
Week 4:	Press seams to flat position	Transfer pattern markings to fabric pieces	Transfer pattern markings onto fabric pieces
Week 5:	Overlock raw seam edges	Applique design details	Clip convex curved seams
Week 6:	Sew a star cushion according to pattern instructions	Sew a toy rabbit according to pattern instructions	Sew a toy dog according to pattern instructions
Week 7:	Iron Vilene onto fabric pieces	Set the iron to the correct setting to iron Vilene onto fabric pieces	Set the iron to the correct setting to iron Vilene onto fabric pieces
Week 8:	Use a zipper foot to sew a zipper	Change Needlework machine feet with confidence	Insert a zipper neatly
Week 9:	Sew a purse with a zipper according to pattern instructions	Sew a toiletry bag with a zipper according to pattern instructions	Sew a small bag with a zipper according to pattern instructions

Four theoretical activities are assessed and recorded, however, a minimum of 1 theoretical activity is reported on. The following serves as suggestions of theoretical activities to report on.

Grade 5 first year	Grade 5second year	Grade 5third year	
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Week 2:	Understand the terminology: soft furnishing	List a variety of soft toys to sew	Identify suitable fabric for cushions and soft toys
Week 3:	Identify different machine needle sizes	Identify different types of fasteners	List one suitable Needlework example for each type of fastener
Week 4:	Explain the terminology: pile of fabric	Provide examples of suitable articles to make with fur and fleece	Explain the reason for clipping convex and concave seams
Week 5:	Provide a reason for not ironing pile fabrics	Provide a reason for using pile fabric to produce soft toys	Discuss what will happen when curved seams are not clipped
Week 6:	Name material suitable to stuff hand made toys	Name different types of fasteners	Describe how to sew a button on fabric
Week 7:	Identify a zipper	Distinguish between upper and lower overlocker tension	Identify reasons for incorrect overlocker tension
Week 8:	Identify the Needlework machine foot to sew a zipper	Change the Needlework machine needle to the correct position to sew a zipper	Identify different types of zippers
Week 9:	Identify different types of seam	Identify different hem types	Identify different types of fasteners

# 3.3.8 Grade 5 Term 4

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 4	
WEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes	
1	Machine	Identify different types of bags	Grade 5 first , second and third year:	
	Needlework	Name fabrics that are suitable	The teacher:	
		to produce bags	Shows the learners examples of a variety of bags that are produced by Needlework	
			Demonstrates how to measure the actual size of a bag and then how to add the seam allowances	
			to the measurements	
			Demonstrates how to lay out and pin the commercial pattern on the fabric and cut the pattern	
			pieces out	
			Grade 5 1 <sup>st</sup> year with diff. Grade 5 2 <sup>nd</sup> year with diff. Grade 5 3 <sup>rd</sup> year with diff.	
	Knitting		ADDENDUM 33 ADDENDUM 34 ADDENDUM 35	
			Group 1 learners:  • Lay out and pin the commercial pattern onto the fabric and cut the pattern pieces out	

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 4
WEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Group 2 learners: Continue to knit their articles  After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups lay out their pattern as well as continue to knit
	Machine	List the factors to consider	Grade 5 first year:
	Needlework	when deciding on the size of	The teacher demonstrates how to:
		the bag	Pin and sew the handles onto the exterior panel
		List factors to consider when	Pin and sew the exterior front bottom fabric piece on the upper piece with right sides together
		deciding on the fabric colour to	Sew the exterior fabric pieces
		make a bag	Pin and sew the corners
		Describe the steps to produce	Sew the lining
2-4		a bag	Sew the lining to the exterior fabric
	Voitting	Identify different techniques to	Trim the corners
	Knitting	attach handles to bags	Turn the right side out through the opening and sew it closed
		<ul> <li>Describe the advantages of the different techniques</li> </ul>	Press and topstitch around the top opening
		<ul> <li>Identify alternative materials to</li> </ul>	Crown 4 learners
		produce handles for bags	Group 1 learners:
		<ul> <li>Identify different fasteners that</li> </ul>	Execute the steps demonstrated by the teacher
		are suitable to close bags	Grade 5second year:

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 4
WEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
		List the advantages of the	The teacher demonstrates how to:
		different types of fasteners to	Sew the handle
		close bags	Sew the front and back pattern pieces together
		Discuss the function a lining	Turn right side out and secure the handle to the bag
		serves in a bag	Sew the flap and attach to the bag
			Sew the lining using the same method as for the bag
			Pin and sew the lining to the exterior fabric
			Topstitch around the top of the bag
			Group 1 learners:
			Execute the steps demonstrated by the teacher
			Grade 5third year:
			The teacher demonstrates how to:
			Sew the handles
			Sew the side panels
			Sew bias binding to top of side panels
			Attach the handles
			Sew lining panel to exterior panel
			Attach the side panels
			Attach bias binding to side panels
			Insert zipper into top panel

Techniques, activities, resources and process notes  Top stitch top zipper panel Sew bias binding to top edge  Group 1 learners: Execute the steps demonstrated by the teacher  After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups lay out their pattern as well as continue to knit
<ul> <li>Sew bias binding to top edge</li> <li>Group 1 learners:</li> <li>Execute the steps demonstrated by the teacher</li> <li>After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups lay out their pattern as well as continue to knit</li> </ul>
Grade 5 first , second and third year:  The teacher demonstrates how to:  lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces  sew blind hem stitch by hand why hem be visible garment sting stitch g stitch or wearing
rm be g g

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 4
WEEK		The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
		School Sport activities Leisure Events  Describe the reasons for school uniforms being the most suitable to wear to school	Grade 5 1st year with diff diff  Grade 5 2nd year with diff diff  ADDENDUM 38 ADDENDUM 39 ADDENDUM 40
			Blind hem stitch by Needlework machine blind hem stitch  Was to 100 of 1
			<ul> <li>Sew a double hem sampler with hem stitch and file in sampler files</li> <li>Gather fabric using machine basting stitch and make a sampler to file in sampler files</li> </ul>

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 4
VVEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Sew a double hem sampler with hem stitch and file in sampler files
			Group 2 learners:
			Continue to knit the suggested articles
			Grade 5 first year:
			The teacher demonstrates how to:
			Sew the back seam and finish the raw edges with overlocking stitch
			Group 1 learners:
			Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces
			Sew the back seam and finish the raw edges with overlocking stitch
			Grade 5second year:
			The teacher demonstrates how to:
			Sew the front and back skirt panels together
			Group 1 learners:
			Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces
			Sew the front and back skirt panels together
			Grade 5third year:

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 4
WEEK	TOPIC	The learner must able to:	Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
			The teacher demonstrates how to
			Sew a casing for the elastic in the top panel
			Use machine basting stitch and gather the center panel
			Group 1 learners:
			Lay out, pin and cut the pattern pieces
			Sew a casing for the elastic in the top panel
			Use machine basting stitch and gather the center panel
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups sew as well as continue to
			knit.
		Identify different types hand	Grade 5 first year:
		wash and machine wash	The teacher demonstrates how to:
		washing powders	Attach the bias binding to the raw edge of the skirt fabric to produce a hem
		Sort clothes according to	Sew a casing to insert the elastic on the opposite side of the hem
		colour before washing	Insert the elastic, sew the ends together and close the opening
7-9		Explain the reasons for sorting	Iron the completed skirt
		clothes before washing	
		Use the correct technique to	Group 1 learners:
		wash clothes by hand	Execute the steps demonstrated by the teacher
			Grade 5second year:

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 4
WEEK	The learner must able to:		Techniques, activities, resources and process notes
		Use the correct technique to	The teacher demonstrates how to:
		hang clothes on the washing	Finish the raw seam edges with the overlocker
		line	Attach the waistband onto the skirt panels
		Load a washing machine	Insert elastic in the waistband, sew the ends together and close the opening
		correctly	Sew the hem with blind hem stitch
		Explain the reasons for	
		hanging clothes immediately	Group 1 learners:
		after being washed	Execute the steps demonstrated by the teacher
		Describe the factors that	Grade 5third year:
		influence the clothing choices	The teacher demonstrates how to
		of young adults	Pull the threads and match the center and top skirt panel with right sides together
			Gather the bottom panel in the same manner and attach the bottom panel and center panel with
			right sides together
			Sew a double fold hem at the bottom and stitch
			Insert the elastic and sew the elastic together
			Stitch the opening closed
			Group 1 learners:
			Execute the steps demonstrated by the teacher
			Group 2 learners:

WEEK	TOPIC	CONTENT	Grade 5 Term 4
	The learner must able to: Techniques, activities, resources and process notes		rechniques, activities, resources and process notes
			Cast off knitted articles and sew seams
			Package knitted articles
			After 45 minutes the groups rotate in order to ensure that both groups sew as well as continue to
			knit.
10	Assessment		
10	ASSESSITIETT		

# **Grade 5 Term 4 Assessment**

Assessment is formally recorded during four (4) practical sessions with a minimum of four (4) skills reported. Learners, regardless of abilities, shall be assessed on the same skill. The following serves as suggestion of skills to record and report on.

	Grade 5 first year	Grade 5second year	Grade 5third year
Week 2:	Lay out pattern pieces onto fabric	Pin pattern pieces onto fabric	Sew bias binding onto fabric panels
Week 3:	Sew handles onto fabric	Turn bag handles right side out	Insert zipper into fabric panel
Week 4:	Sew a bag with handles and insert	Sew a bag with handles and a flap to close bag	Sew a bag with handles, inserts and a zipper
Week 5:	Sew a double hem with blind hem stitch	Sew a double hem with blind hem stitch	Sew a casing to insert elastic in
Week 6:	Gather fabric using machine basting stitch	Sew front and back skirt panels together	Gather fabric using machine basting stitch
Week 7:	Sew bias binding to produce a skirt hem	Sew a skirt waistband onto fabric panels	Gather skirt panels using machine basting stitch
Week 8:	Iron a skirt	Insert elastic in a skirt waistband	Sew a double hem with blind hem stitch
Week 9:	Sew a simple skirt	Sew an A line skirt	Sew a skirt with 3 panels

Four theoretical activities are assessed and recorded, however, a minimum of 1 theoretical activity is reported on. The following serves as suggestions of theoretical activities to report on.

	Grade 5 first year	Grade 5second year	Grade 5third year
Week 2:	List the factors to consider when deciding on the size of the bag	List factors to consider when deciding on the fabric colour to make a bag	Describe the steps to produce a bag
Week 3:	Identify different techniques to attach handles to bags	Identify alternative materials to produce handles for bags	Describe the advantages of the different techniques to attach handles to bags
Week 4:	Identify different fasteners that are suitable to close bags	List the advantages of the different types of fasteners to close bags	Discuss the function a lining serves in a bag
Week 5:	Identify blind hem stitch by hand	List a number of suitable stitches to hem a garment	Provide the reasons why hem stitches should not be visible on the outside of the garment
Week 6:	Provide reasons for wearing clothes	Identify clothes that are suitable for: school, sport activities, leisure & events	Describe the reasons for school uniforms being the most suitable to wear to school
Week 7:	Identify different types hand wash and machine wash washing powders	Explain the reasons for sorting clothes before washing	Explain the reasons for hanging clothes immediately after being washed
Week 8:	Describe the technique to wash clothes by hand	Describe how to hang clothes on the washing line	Describe how to load a washing machine
Week 9:	Describe how culture influences clothing choices	Describe how family income influences clothing choices	Describe how peer preferences influences clothing choices

# 4 SECTION 4: ASSESSMENT

#### 4.1.1 Introduction

This section on assessment *standardises* the recording and reporting processes for the CAPS Grades R to 5 for learners with Severe Intellectual Disability. It also provides a policy framework for the management of School Based Assessment (SBA) and School Assessment Records.

It is required of teachers to offer a differentiated form of assessment, as learners with moderate to severe intellectual disability and learning difficulties also have diverse learning styles and support needs. Since a learner or learners may be functioning on different levels, the assessment / recording / reporting system must make provision for reflecting the level(s) of each individual learner. These different levels should be outlined in the Individual Support Plan which should be developed at the beginning of the year in accordance with the procedures contained in the *Policy on Screening, Identification, Assessment and Support* (SIAS). Each learner, regardless of his/her number of years in the school, must have access to various forms of assessment best suited to his/her competences, learning styles, strengths and needs. The targets set for each learner in terms of attainment of knowledge and skills outlined in each Subject Statement will always strive to take a learner to the next level and should never set a ceiling on learning potential. Individualised adaptation is required in terms of content, methods of presentation, classroom pedagogy, pacing of instruction and accommodations in assessment. The principle is to have high expectations for each learner, to identify and address barriers to learning so as to ensure fairness in assessment (See Chapter 9 of the National Protocol for Assessment, 2011).

Assessment does not imply that after every lesson the learners must complete a worksheet/assignment or project, but will be based on observation and recording of progress steps attained during the lesson or a series of lessons. Formal assessment can be done in a format which would be suitable for each learner, e.g. through written or oral assessments, or by making use of a range of accommodations measures, e.g. a reader and a scribe. The main aim is to be able to develop a report which is based on definable attainment (even through the smallest of steps) as prescribed in each subject and can be shared with parents and care-givers on at least a quarterly basis so as to elicit their participation and co-operation in the support programme of the learner. At the end of the year a Statement of Achievement/Report card must be made available on which the

Individual Support Plan for the following year will be based. There will be no learner retention, as the Individual Support Plan and the Curriculum Schedule (see SIAS Form 124) will indicate at which grade level learners are working in each subject.

## 4.2 Assessment principles

## 4.2.1 Definition

Assessment is a continuous planned process of identifying, gathering and interpreting information about the performance of learners, using various forms of assessment. It involves four steps: generating and collecting evidence of achievement; evaluating this evidence; recording the findings and using this information to understand and thereby assist the learner's development in order to improve the process of learning and teaching. Assessment should be both informal (Assessment for Learning) and formal (Assessment of Learning). In both cases regular feedback should be provided to learners to enhance the learning experience.

Assessment is a process that measures individual learners' attainment of knowledge (content and concepts) and skills by collecting, analysing and interpreting the data and information obtained from this process to:

- enable the teacher to assess a learner's progress in a reliable way.
- inform learners of their strengths, areas to be developed and progress.
- assist teachers, parents and other stakeholders in making decisions about the learning process, the progress of learners and the planning for their individualised support.

Assessment should be mapped against the content, skills, intended goals and topics specified in the learning programme. In both informal and formal assessments it is important to ensure that in the course of a school year:

- all of the topics and content are covered.
- the full range of skills is included.
- a variety of different forms of assessment are used.

# 4.2.2 Informal Assessment or Daily Assessment

Assessment **for** learning has the purpose of continuously collecting information on a learner's achievement that can be used to improve their learning. Informal assessment is a daily monitoring

of learners' progress. This is done through observations, discussions, practical demonstrations, learner-teacher conferences, informal classroom interactions, etc. Informal assessment may be as simple as stopping during the lesson to observe learners or to discuss with learners how learning is progressing. Informal assessment should be used to provide feedback to the learners and to inform planning for teaching but need not be recorded. It should not be seen as separate from learning activities taking place in the classroom.

Learners or teachers can assess their performance in the tasks. Self-assessment and peer assessment actively involves learners in assessment. This is important as it allows learners to learn from and reflect on their own performance. The results of all the informal daily assessment tasks may be recorded based on assessment instruments used such as rubrics and checklists. This may serve to give feedback to the learners, their parents and the school management team.

Informal, on-going assessments should be used to scaffold the acquisition of knowledge and skills and should be the stepping stones leading up to formal assessment.

#### 4.2.3 Formal Assessment

All assessment tasks that make up a formal programme of assessment for the year are regarded as formal assessment. Formal assessment tasks are marked and results are formally recorded by the teacher. All formal assessment tasks are subject to internal moderation for the purpose of quality assurance and to ensure that appropriate standards are maintained in the school. Assessment tasks should always set high expectations for learners.

To implement formal assessment the teacher should:

- Ensure that the formal assessment task coincides with the practical skills and theoretical work embedded in the practical skill corresponding with the tasks performed on that day or within the previous week;
- Explain the task to guide the learner, show an example of the completed task in order for the learner to know exactly what to do and what is expected;

- Divide the class, according to abilities, in more than one group and give a task with similar content, but differentiated in terms of level of difficulty, abstractness or method of questioning, to all the learners. The way in which the assessment task is set should be in reach of the learners' level of development whilst also setting targets for the next step of development;
- Written tests could be set to assess theoretical knowledge within a set time, allowing for assessment accommodations in line with learners' individual needs;
- Write the date of expected completion of the task in the learner's book;
- Compile a suitable assessment tool; and
- Formal assessment should reflect 20 % theoretical knowledge embedded in practical work. Eighty percent (80%) should be practical work.

The formal assessment requirements are indicated in the formal School-Based Assessments table. In the three core subjects, the ratio may be adapted to the needs of the learners. The focus however must be on practical skills and not on the written tasks.

Formal School-Based As	Formal School-Based Assessments				
Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4		
Minimum of 1	Minimum of 1	Minimum of 1	Minimum of 1		
worksheet/test/activity	worksheet/test/activity	worksheet/test/activity	worksheet/test/activity		
per term in order for 20	per term in order for 20	per term in order for 20	per term in order for 20		
% of rating codes to	% of rating codes to	% of rating codes to	% of rating codes to		
reflect on theoretical	reflect on theoretical	reflect on theoretical	reflect on theoretical		
knowledge	knowledge	knowledge	knowledge		
Minimum of 4 practical	Minimum of 4 practical	Minimum of 4 practical	Minimum of 4 practical		
assessment tasks or	assessment tasks or	assessment tasks or	assessment tasks or		
activities in order for 80%	activities in order for	activities in order for 80%	activities in order for 80%		
of rating codes to reflect	80% of rating codes to	of rating codes to reflect	of rating codes to reflect		
on different practical	reflect on different	on different practical	on different practical		
skills	practical skills	skills	skills		

In Creative Arts and Art and Crafts, the above table is not applicable. In these two subjects, a minimum of 4 practical assessment tasks should be completed. Theoretical content will not be assessed. Refer to the learning programme for assessment requirements.

In Physical Education assessment, the above tables does not apply. Refer to the learning programme for assessment.

Assessment in the CAPS Grades R to 5 for learners with Severe Intellectual Disability is underpinned by the objectives of the National Qualifications Framework (NQF). These objectives are to:

- Create an integrated national framework for learning achievements;
- Facilitate access to and progression within education, training and career paths;
- Enhance the quality of education and training;
- Redress unfair discrimination and past imbalances and thereby accelerate employment opportunities;
- Contribute to the holistic development of the learner and preparation for the world of work by addressing:
- social adjustment and responsibility;
- moral accountability and ethical work orientation;
- resilience and adaptability;
- economic participation and entrepreneurial skills; and
- nation-building.

The principles that drive these objectives are:

# Integration

To adopt a unified approach to education and training that will strengthen the capacity of learners to adapt to the requirements of the workplace.

## Relevance

To be dynamic and responsive to workplace needs and a range of employment fields.

# • Credibility

To demonstrate national and international values and recognition of qualification and acquired competencies and skills.

#### • Coherence

To work within a consistent framework of principles.

## Flexibility

To allow for creativity and resourcefulness when achieving skills to cater for different learning styles and use a range of assessment methods, instruments and techniques.

# Participation

To enable stakeholders to participate in setting standards and co-ordinating the achievement of the qualification.

#### Access

To address barriers to learning at each level to facilitate learners' progress.

# Progression

To ensure that the qualification framework permits individuals to move through the levels of the national qualification via different, appropriate combinations of the components of the delivery system.

#### Articulation

To allow for vertical and horizontal mobility in the education system when accredited pre-requisites have been successfully completed.

# Validity of assessments

To ensure assessment covers a broad range of knowledge, skills, values and attitudes to demonstrate applied competency. This is achieved through:

- clearly stating the skill to be assessed;
- selecting the appropriate or suitable evidence;
- matching the evidence with a compatible or appropriate method of assessment; and
- selecting and constructing an instrument(s) of assessment.

# Reliability

To assure assessment practices are consistent so that the same result or judgment is arrived at if the assessment is replicated in the same context. This demands consistency in the interpretation of evidence; therefore, careful monitoring of assessment is vital.

## • Fairness and transparency

To verify that no assessment process or method(s) hinders or unfairly advantages any learner. The following could constitute unfairness in assessment:

- Inequality of opportunities, resources or teaching and learning approaches
- Bias based on ethnicity, race, gender, age, disability or social class
- Lack of clarity regarding topic, content or skill being assessed
- Comparison of learners' work with that of other learners, without taking into account differences in learning styles, language and culture.

# Practicability and cost-effectiveness

To integrate assessment practices within the teaching and learning process and strive for cost and time-effective assessment.

# 4.3 Managing assessment

# 4.3.1 Types of Assessment

Assessment benefits the learner and the teacher. It informs learners about their progress and helps teachers make informed decisions at different stages of the learning process. Depending on the intended purpose, different types of assessment can be used.

• Baseline assessment: At the beginning of a year or learning experience, baseline assessment establishes the knowledge, skills, values and attitudes that learners bring to the classroom. This knowledge assists teachers to plan learning programmes and learning activities flexibly enough to accommodate a wide range of learning styles and learning needs. This assessment should be done at three levels, namely to determine:

# Progress with the curriculum

- Are learner learning what they were taught?
- Are they at the right entry point to 'grasp' the content worked on in the classroom?
- Are they practicing and performing as expected?
- Are they applying the facts, concepts and/or skills being learned?

#### Interests

- Are learners engaged in the lessons and activities?
- Are they showing interest in a new topic or area of study?
- Are they sharing their interests with others?

## Characteristics

- What are their preferred learning styles (e.g., whole class teaching or pair work)?
- What are their responses to the content?
- What are their responses to the difficulty level of instruction?
- What are their responses to the pacing of instruction?
- What are their responses to the environment?
- **Diagnostic assessment:** This assessment diagnoses the nature and causes of learning barriers experienced by specific learners. It is followed by guidance, appropriate support and intervention strategies. This type of assessment is useful to make referrals for learners requiring specialist assistance.
- Formative assessment (Informal Assessment): This assessment monitors and supports teaching and learning. It determines learners' strengths and areas to be addressed and provides feedback on progress. It determines if a learner is ready for summative assessment.

• Summative assessment (Formal Assessment): This type of assessment gives an overall picture of the learner's progress at a given time.

## 4.3.2 Planning Assessment

An assessment plan should cover three main processes:

• **Collecting evidence:** The assessment plan indicates which learning programme topics, content and skills will be assessed, what assessment method or activity will be used and when this assessment will be conducted.

The assessment tasks may be broken down (designed down) into smaller, achievable steps and support may gradually be withdrawn as the learner master the content/skills. Thus, designing down means to look at the assessment goal and dividing this into smaller components which are spread over a longer period.

Two or more grades may be straddled, in other words the evidence may be collected over more than one grade within a subject. But straddling should be carefully recorded and monitored through Form 125 of the SIAS Protocol.

- **Recording:** The process of recording refers to the assessment instruments or tools with which the assessment will be captured or recorded. Therefore, appropriate assessment instruments must be developed or adapted.
- **Reporting:** All the evidence is put together in a report to deliver a decision for the subject. Reporting must reflect the straddling that has been applied and should provide guidance to parents through meaningful descriptive paragraphs on what has been achieved and what the next expected outcomes are.

## 4.3.3 Methods of Assessment

Methods of assessment refer to who carries out the assessment and includes teacher assessment, self-assessment, peer assessment and group assessment.

TEACHER ASSESSMENT	The teacher assesses learners' performance against given criteria in different contexts, such as individual work, group work, etc.
SELF-ASSESSMENT	Learners assess their own performance against given criteria in different contexts, such as individual work, group work, etc.
PEER ASSESSMENT	Learners assess another learner or group of learners' performance against given criteria in different contexts, such as individual work, group work, etc.
GROUP ASSESSMENT	Learners assess the individual performance of other learners within a group or the overall performance of a group of students against given criteria.

# 4.3.4 Assessment tools/instruments to execute assessment

An assessment tool is the instrument the teacher utilizes to execute the assessment. When choosing and assessment tool ensure that the tool:

- is appropriate for the selected assessment method;
- provides the most valid and reliable information on the learners' performances;
- measures the objectives of the lesson.

Examples of assessment tools are checklist, rubrics, questionnaires, worksheets and video recordings.

A **rubric** serves as an objective assessment tool that provides, at varying levels, clear descriptions of the characteristics of the tasks. The descriptions or criteria in the rubric enables learners to understand what the teacher expects from them and complete the task accordingly. Rubrics are either holistic or analytic.

Rubrics should explain the competence level descriptors for the skills, knowledge, values and attitudes (SKVAs) a learners must demonstrate to achieve each level of the rating scale. The relevant content must be used to create the rubric to assess the task or question. The descriptions must clearly indicate the minimum level of attainment for each category on the rating scale.

**Analytical descriptive rubrics** focus on elements of the product or performances. Descriptive sentences are formulated for each of the seven rating codes, with the best performance reflected with a score of 7 and the poorest with a score of 1. This is the most reliable and trustworthy assessment tool.

**Task lists** and **checklists** are examples of a holistic rubric and show the learners what needs to be done. They consist of short statements describing the expected performance in a particular task. The statements on the checklist can be ticked off when the learner has adequately achieved the criterion. Checklists and task lists are useful in peer or group assessment activities.

Learners must do a minimum of 5 activities/projects/worksheets/tests per term 1 to 4. The teacher compiles the activities/worksheets/tests and these should consist of activities that require the learner to:

- Identify the correct answer/picture/object the question as well as the answer may consist of images/objects, e.g. Boardmaker or clip art images;
- Match column A to B and both columns may consist of pictures/objects;
- Fill in the missing words. The missing words may be available to the learners (on a separate sheet or printed on the worksheet) and they can copy the words, or write the words on the dotted lines provided by the teacher;
- Perform a skill other than writing, e.g. to colour, to cut and paste in specified groups, to find pictures in a magazine and cut and paste in book; or
- Provide answers.

The following should at least be included in the Teacher's Assessment or Planning and Assessment File:

- Programme of Assessment for the grade
- The tools (rubric, checklist, etc.) used for each assessment task
- A mark sheet/record sheet for each assessment task

#### The learners Evidence must at least include:

- Classwork book
- Worksheet file

Evidence of learner performance must be available for quality assurance. This may be in the form of a Portfolio of Evidence (POE) which will include the learners' classwork books and the Support Needs Analysis (SNA).

## 4.4 School Assessment Programme

The **Programme of Assessment** takes place continuously and should commence in the second week of each term. The programme of assessment should include a minimum of five (5) assessment goals per subject. The programme of assessment should be recorded in the Teacher's assessment file or planning file (which may serve a dual purpose).

# The following should at least be included in the Teacher's Assessment or Planning and Assessment File:

- A contents page
- The assessment goals for each subject
- The tools used for each assessment task
- A mark sheet/record sheet and report for each assessment task
- Recording instrument(s) for each assessment task
- A mark sheet and report for each assessment task

# The learners Portfolio of Evidence must at least include:

- A contents page
- The assessment tasks according to the assessment programme as indicated below
- The assessment tools or instruments for the task
- A record of the rating code (and comments) achieved for each task.

Eighty to hundred percent (80% - 100%) of formal assessment should consist of **practical tasks/activities/skills**. Each learner should do a variety of practical tasks and activities during each term as indicated in the learning programmes.

4.5 Assessment programme across the five years

The following tables are the assessment tasks for Consumer Studies Needlework

TASK	TERM 1		
		Grade 4 first year	Grade 4 second year
1	Week 2 & 3	Practise the correct posture in front of a Needlework machine  Identify tools and materials to knit	Names the parts of a Needlework machine  Cast on stitches to knit garter stitch
2	Week 4 & 5	Dust and clean the Needlework machine  Sew tacking stitch evenly	Thread the Needlework machine's upper thread correctly  Thread the Needlework machine's lower thread correctly

		Sew a single straight seam on the Needlework machine	Sew a single curved seam on the Needlework machine
3	Week 6 & 7	Distinguish between the right and wrong side of fabric  Pin pattern pieces perpendicular to seam line	Knit garter stitch with even tension  Cut pattern pieces on cutting line
4	Week 8 & 9	Test fabric for crease resistance  Sew cotton headband according to pattern instructions	Iron fabric safely  Sew headband with stretch according to pattern instructions
TASK		TERM :	2
		Grade 4 first year	Grade 4 second year
1	Week 2 & 3	Use backstitching in all seam Needlework Plug and unplug an iron safely	Reduce bulkiness in seam corners  Iron fabric safely
2	Week 4 & 5	Sew napkins according to pattern instructions  Transfer the pattern markings	Sew pot holders according to pattern instructions finish raw seam edges with zig-zag stitch
3	Week 6 & 7	Trim excess fabric to reduce bulkiness	Cast off knitted articles  Sew overhand/whip stitch evenly

		Finish raw seam edges with zig-zag stitch	
4	Week 8 & 9	Turn the right side out and push corners out  Sew a banner according to pattern instructions	Turn the right side out and push corners out  Sew place mats according to pattern instructions
TASK		TERM	3
		Grade 4 first year	Grade 4 second year
1	Week 2 & 3	Sew a single curved seam on the Needlework machine  Sew a doorstopper according to pattern instructions	Sew a double hem  Sew a cushion according to pattern instructions
2	Week 4 & 5	lay out pattern pieces using minimum fabric  Sew a straight double hem	Cut out pattern pieces on the seam line  Sew an insert to a central fabric piece
3	Week 6 & 7	Sew a pillow case according to pattern instructions  Fuse vilene on fabric pieces	Sew a cushion with an insert according to pattern instructions
4	Week 8 & 9	Stitch batting to fabric pieces  Sew a card holder according to pattern instructions	Sew a makeup bag according to pattern instructions

TASK	TERM 4		
		Grade 4 first year	Grade 4 second year
1	Week 2 & 3	Iron fabric before cutting the pattern Sew handles for a bag	Press the completed article Insert bag handles in seam
2	Week 4 & 5	Sew a bag according to pattern instructions  Sew a waistband	Sew a bag with a base according to pattern instructions  Sew a neckband for an apron
3	Week 6 & 7	Pin pattern pieces perpendicular to the seam line  Attach a waistband to an apron	Cut pattern pieces on cutting line  Attach a neckband to an apron
4	Week 8 & 9	Use backstitch to start Needlework  Sew a waist apron according to pattern instructions	Use backstitch to end off Needlework  Sew an apron with a bib according to pattern instructions

# Grade 4 term 1 – 4: Theoretical assessment tasks

Evidence of one theoretical task of formal assessment between week  $2-9\,$  as in the annual teaching plan must be available for quality assurance.

Grade 5 Practical Assessment tasks

TASK	TERM 1			
		Grade 5 first year	Grade 5 second year	Grade 5 third year
1	Week 2 & 3	Identify 4 parts of an overlocker  Use the correct posture in front of the overlocker	Name 4 parts of an overlocker  Use the correct posture in front of the overlocker and Needlework machine	Name 8 parts of an overlocker  Identify posture mistakes of other learners in front of the overlocker and state how to rectify these
2	Week	Understand how to thread the overlocker  Disable the overlocker cutter	Thread the overlocker with assistance  Sew a French seam with the overlocker	Thread the overlocker independently  Sew a roller hem with the overlocker
3	Week 6 & 7	Safely test for synthetic fabric  Overlock a closed seam	Identify the right and wrong side of synthetic fabric  Clip convex seams	Identify the right and wrong side of natural as well as synthetic fabric  Sew closed seam and overlock raw edges
4	Week 8 & 9	Turn right sides out and top stitch on the edge of article  Sew an infinity scarf according to pattern instructions	Clip concave seams  Sew a baby bib according to pattern instructions	Follow pattern instructions to sew slippers  Sew slipper according to pattern instructions

TASK	TERM 2			
		Grade 5 first year	Grade 5 second year	Grade 5 third year
1	Week 2 & 3	Transfer motive outlines onto Vilene  Cut pattern pieces on quilted fabric	Iron Vilene onto fabric  Quilt with the Needlework machine with assistance	Arrange fabric and batting correctly before quilting with the Needlework machine  Quilt with the Needlework machine
2	Week 4 & 5	Sew a potholder according to pattern instructions  Lay out pattern on batting	Sew oven gloves according to pattern instructions  Pin pattern on batting with pins perpendicular to seam line	Sew quilted oven gloves according to pattern instructions  Transfer pattern markings on batting
3	Week 6 & 7	Secure the applique motives with magic tape on the background fabric  Secure appliqué motifs with magic tape	Pin fabric layers and batting before Needlework Cast off knitting	Pin darts Sew darts
4	Week 8 & 9	Sew satin stitch Package knitted article	Sew knitted articles side seams  Choose suitable packaging material to	Insert elastic in lining  Package Needlework  article

			package Needlework article		
TASK		TERM 3			
		Grade 5 first year	Grade 5 second year	Grade 5 third year	
1	Week 2 & 3	Sew a double hem  Sew a bolster cushion according to pattern instructions	Distinguish between pattern pieces that look alike and sew according to pattern instructions  Sew a toy dolphin according to pattern instructions	Pin and sew doll limbs' in correct position according to pattern instructions  Sew a toy doll according to pattern instructions	
2	Week 4 & 5	Press seams to flat position  Overlock raw seam edges	Transfer pattern markings to fabric pieces  Applique design details	Transfer pattern markings onto fabric pieces  Clip convex curved seams	
3	Week 6 & 7	Sew a star cushion according to pattern instructions  Iron Vilene onto fabric pieces	Sew a toy rabbit according to pattern instructions  Set the iron to the correct setting to iron Vilene onto fabric pieces	Sew a toy dog according to pattern instructions  Set the iron to the correct setting to iron Vilene onto fabric pieces	
4	Week 8:	Use a zipper foot to sew a zipper	Change Needlework machine feet with confidence	Insert a zipper neatly  Sew a small bag with a zipper according to pattern instructions	

		Sew a purse with a zipper according to pattern instructions	Sew a toiletry bag with a zipper according to pattern instructions	
TASK	TERM 4			
		Grade 5 first year	Grade 5 second year	Grade 5 third year
1	Week 2 & 3	Lay out pattern pieces onto fabric  Sew handles onto fabric	Pin pattern pieces onto fabric  Turn bag handles right side out	Sew bias binding onto fabric panels  Insert zipper into fabric panel
2	Week 4 & 5	Sew a bag with handles and insert  Sew a double hem with blind hem stitch	Sew a bag with handles and a flap to close bag  Sew a double hem with blind hem stitch	Sew a bag with handles, inserts and a zipper  Sew a casing to insert elastic in
3	Week 6 & 7	Gather fabric using machine basting stitch  Sew bias binding to produce a skirt hem	Sew front and back skirt panels together  Sew a skirt waistband onto fabric panels	Gather fabric using machine basting stitch  Gather skirt panels using machine basting stitch
4	Week 8 & 9	Iron a skirt Sew a simple skirt	Insert elastic in a skirt waistband Sew an A line skirt	Sew a double hem with blind hem stitch  Sew a skirt with 3 panels

Grade 5 term 1 – 4: Theoretical assessment tasks

Evidence of one theoretical task of formal assessment between week 2-9 as in the annual teaching plan must be available for quality assurance.

# 4.6 Recording and Reporting

Recording is a process in which the teacher documents the level of a learner's performance in a specific assessment task. It indicates learner progress towards the achievement of the knowledge and skill. Records of learner performance should provide evidence of the learner's progression. Records of learner performance should also be used to verify the progress made by teachers and learners in the teaching and learning process.

Reporting is a process of communicating learner performance to learners, parents, schools, and other stakeholders. Learner performance can be reported in a number of ways. These include report cards, parents' meetings, school visitation days, parent-teacher conferences, phone calls, letters, class or school newsletters, etc.

Good record keeping is essential in all assessment, particularly in continuous assessment. A record book or file must be kept up to date by each teacher. It should contain:

- learners' names;
- dates of assessment;
- name and description of the assessment activity;
- the results of assessment activities, according to Subject;
- comments for support purposes.

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Teachers in all grades issue formal report cards quarterly indicating the competence level of the learner and as stated above also provide explanatory notes on what the learner has achieved per subject and what could be done by the parents at home to provide further stimulation.

The report cards may either be in narrative form that states the theory embedded in the skills and skill performed, or in a rating code as follows:

Rating code	Description of competence
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7	Outstanding achievement
6	Meritorious achievement
5	Substantial achievement
4	Adequate achievement
3	Moderate achievement
2	Elementary achievement
1	Not achieved

The reports should always be a combination of both the narrative form and rating codes. All records must be accessible, easy to interpret, securely kept, confidential and helpful in the teaching and reporting process. The school assessment policy determines the details of how record books must be completed. Schools are required to provide quarterly feedback to parents, using a formal reporting tool, such as a report card. The schedule and the report card should indicate the overall level of performance of a learner.

# NOTE:

Criterion referencing is best used to describe learner's performance in a skill. Teachers must make use of suitable analytical descriptive rubrics when assessing a learner's competence for a specific skill using practical demonstrations.

#### 4.7 Moderation of Assessment

Moderation refers to the process that ensures that the assessment tasks are fair, valid and reliable. Moderation must be implemented at school as required. Comprehensive and appropriate moderation practices must be in place for the quality assurance of all subject assessments. The formal School-Based Assessment and the practical assessment tasks should be moderated internally and if necessary by the relevant subject specialists at the district.

## 4.7.1 Moderation serves five purposes:

- It must ascertain whether subject content and skills have been sufficiently covered.
- The moderator must ensure that the correct balance of cognitive demands are reflected in the assessments.
- The assessments and marking are of an acceptable standard and consistency.
- The moderator must make judgements about the comparability of learner performance across schools; whilst recognising that teachers teach in different ways.
- The subject specialist/moderator must identify areas in which a teacher may need development and support and must ensure that this support is provided.

#### 4.7.2 Internal moderation

Assessment must be moderated according to the internal moderation policy of the School, Provincial and National Departments. Moderation is a continuous process. The moderator's involvement starts with the planning of assessment methods and instruments and follows with continuous collaboration with and support to the assessor. Internal moderation creates common understanding of topics and skills and maintains these across the learning programmes.

Moderation is therefore an on-going process and not a once-off end-of-year event.

#### 4.8 General

This document should be read in conjunction with:

- White Paper 6 on Special Needs Education: Building an Inclusive Education and Training System (2001);
- National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R 12; and (NPPPPR) (2011);
- National Protocol for Assessment Grades R 12. (NPA) (2011);
- Guidelines for Responding to Diversity in the Classroom through the Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statements (2011);

- Guidelines to Ensure Quality Education and Support in Special Schools and Special School Resource Centres (2013);
- Policy on Screening, Identification, Assessment and Support (2014);
- Guidelines for Full-service/Inclusive Schools (2010);
- Standard Operating Procedures for Assessment of Learners who Experience Barriers to Assessment (2016).