

CIVIL TECHNOLOGY (CIVIL SERVICES)

GUIDELINES FOR PRACTICAL ASSESSMENT TASKS (REVISED)

GRADE 12

2020

These guidelines consist of 13 pages.

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1. INTRODUCTION

The 17 Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement subjects which contain a practical component all include a practical assessment task (PAT). These subjects are:

AGRICULTURE: Agricultural Management Practices, Agricultural Technology
 ARTS: Dance Studies, Design, Dramatic Arts, Music, Visual Arts
 SCIENCES: Computer Applications Technology, Information Technology.

Technical Sciences

SERVICES: Consumer Studies, Hospitality Studies, Tourism

• TECHNOLOGY: Civil Technology, Electrical Technology, Mechanical Technology and

Engineering Graphics and Design.

A practical assessment task (PAT) mark is a compulsory component of the final promotion mark for all candidates offering subjects that have a practical component and counts 25% (100 marks) of the end-of-year examination mark. The PAT is implemented across the first three terms of the school year. This is broken down into different phases or a series of smaller activities that make up the PAT. The PAT allows for learners to be assessed on a regular basis during the school year and it also allows for the assessment of skills that cannot be assessed in a written format, e.g. test or examination. It is therefore important that schools ensure that all learners complete the practical assessment tasks within the stipulated period to ensure that learners are resulted at the end of the school year. The planning and execution of the PAT differs from subject to subject.

SECTION 2

2. GUIDELINES FOR THE TEACHER (These guidelines must be explained clearly to the learners.)

2.1 The structure of the PAT for Civil Technology

The PAT accounts for the skills the learner has mastered. This is assessed at intervals and requires the learner to engage in multiple practical sessions. During these weekly sessions, skills such as simulation, experimentation, hand skills, tool skills, machine skills and workshop practice are honed and perfected to the point where the learner may engage in the tasks set out for that particular term. The PAT accounts for 25% of the learner's promotion mark.

2.2 Management of the PAT

The PAT should commence in Term 1, as this is a lengthy and drawn-out process and **CANNOT** be left to the last minute. The model should be done over THREE terms starting in Term 1 and Phase 1 should be done concurrently with the model in Term 1. Phase 1 must be completed, marked and internally moderated by the end of Term 1. Phase 2 must be completed, marked and internally moderated by **2 October 2020**.

- (a) All the phases of the PAT should be completed and presented for assessment by the end of **September 2020** to allow sufficient time for the external moderation.
- (b) During this phase, the teacher will do any final assessments that are outstanding. All the phases of the PAT are kept safely until the moderation process is completed (both provincial and national moderation).
- (c) The internal moderator/HOD must conduct moderation of the PAT throughout the year.
- (d) It is imperative that the criteria are adhered to from the beginning, as this will form the basis for assessment.
- (e) Teachers cannot penalise learners on points that are not included in the initial criteria.
- (f) When learners are selected during moderation (face moderation), they may be required to showcase their skills and knowledge.

All teachers must design a revised pacesetter in line with the time frames specified in the PAT to indicate the completion dates for the different phases of the PAT. The teacher must manage this process to avoid crisis management and unnecessary stress closer to the completion date of the PAT.

The submission dates for the different phases of the PAT, as indicated in the pacesetter, should be given to the learners in writing.

2.3 Administration of the PAT

The PAT should be based on real-life situations and should be administered and completed under controlled conditions.

After studying the guidelines teachers must fully explain the requirements of the different phases of the PAT and the criteria, as indicated in the assessment tools and mark schedules, to the learners. This will ensure that learners and teachers have a common understanding of the assessment tools and what is expected of the learners.

Teachers are requested to make copies of **SECTIONS 3 TO 5** of this document and hand them with the assessment criteria to the learners not later than the **first week in February**.

The products/models should not leave the classroom/workshop and must be kept in a safe place at all times when learners are not working on them.

2.4 Assessment and moderation of the PAT

The PAT for Grade 12 is externally set and externally moderated, but internally assessed by the teacher and moderated by the internal moderator/HOD.

2.5 Assessment

Frequent developmental feedback is needed to guide and support the learner to ensure that the learner is on the right track.

Both formal and informal assessment should be conducted on the different phases of the PAT. Informal assessment may be conducted by the learner himself or herself, by a peer group, or by the teacher. Formal assessment should always be conducted by the teacher and the results will be recorded.

The teacher must take into account the requirements of the assessment of all the phases of the PAT and therefore plan the assessment programme of the PAT accordingly.

2.6 Moderation

During moderation of the PAT all phases of the PAT must be presented to the internal moderator as well as the external moderator.

Where required the moderator should be able to call on the learner to explain the function and working principles and also request the learner to exhibit the skills acquired during practical sessions for moderation purposes.

3. GUIDELINES FOR THE LEARNERS

CIVIL SERVICES TASKS

The practical assessment task (PAT) consists of TWO phases to be completed over THREE terms.

The PAT should be done over THREE terms starting in Term 1 with Phase 1 and Phase 2.

TIME SCHEDULE FOR THE COMPLETION OF THE PAT:

It is recommended that learners and teachers use this time schedule to finish the PAT in the allocated time.

TERM		WORK TO BE DONE
Term 1	Phase 1	Installation of a high-pressure geyser
Term 1	Phase 2	Research, sketches and cutting list
Term 2	Phase 2	Making of scale model
Term 3	Phase 2	Making of scale model

Learner's name:	

Time allowed: Term 1 to 3

3.1 Instructions to the learner

- This practical assessment task counts 25% of your final promotion mark.
- All work you produce must be your own effort.
- Use your discretion where dimensions and/or information have been excluded.
- Where available you may use electronic equipment, e.g. cellphones, cameras and digital cameras to document your progress.
- The scale model should not leave the classroom/workshop and must be kept in a safe place at all times when you are not working on it.

3.2 Phase 1 Term 1: Installation of a high-pressure geyser

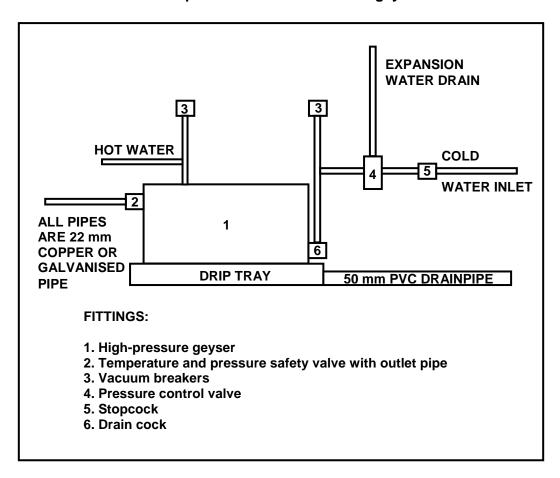
Term: 1

Duration of Phase 1: 4 hours per learner

Mark allocation: 20 marks

Task:

The DIAGRAM below shows the horizontal installation of a high-pressure geyser. Study the DIAGRAM and complete the installation of the geyser.



Instructions:

• Use a pre-mounted high-pressure geyser to install the pipes and necessary fittings as indicated in the diagram above.

NOTE:

- All pipes should be cut to length by the teacher before the learner starts the installation.
- The geyser and fittings do not have to be in working condition. It can be an old recycled geyser and the number of geysers needed will be influenced by the total number of learners that have to complete the task.
- The drip tray and the drainpipe will be pre-installed and ready for the geyser to be placed on it.

3.3 Marking guidelines for phase 1

INSTALLATION OF A HIGH-PRESSURE GEYSER							
LEARNER'S NAME AND SURNAME:							
NO.	GOOD/ EXCELLENT AVERAGE ATTEMPTED						
JOININ	IG OF FITTINGS:	8–10	4–7	0–3	LM		
1.1	Correct connection of drain cock						
1.2	Correct connection of vacuum breakers						
1.3	Correct connection of stopcock						
1.4	Correct connection of temperature and pressure safety valve						
1.5	Connection of pressure control valve						
1.6 Anti-syphon loop correctly installed							
JOINING OF PIPES: 14–20 7–13 0–6							
1.7 Pipes correctly placed and assembled							
TOTAL MARK OUT OF 80:							
CONVERTED MARK OUT OF 20:							

It is recommended that video clips and photos of the learner performing the task be kept electronically at the school and on a disc or memory stick (backup).

3.4 Phase 2: Desk lamp

Term: 1, 2 and 3 Duration: 20 hours

Task:

You are required to design and make a scale model of a desk lamp with a lamp shade.

Instructions:

- Research different types of designs of desk lamps with lamp shades. The scale model of the desk lamp base and stand with lamp shade should be made of any suitable material. The lamp shade should consist of a suitable conical polygon.
- Draw (freehand or with instruments) at least THREE designs of a desk lamp with a lamp shade.
- Provide the final design with dimensions of the desk lamp with a lamp shade that you are going to make.
- Compile a schedule to show the stages and time frames for the making of the scale model of the desk lamp with a lamp shade.

Use the following specifications and make a scale model of the desk lamp with lamp shade:

- The stand with base should be stable enough to carry the weight of the lamp shade.
- Use suitable material for the different parts of the desk lamp.
- The shade of the desk lamp should consist of the development of any conical polygon.
- The development of the lamp shade should be drawn according to an appropriate scale to be used to make a template.
- Learners should be innovative and creative regarding the design and finishing of the different parts of the desk lamp.
- Complete the scale model and present for assessment.

NOTE: •

- Evidence of research, drawings, templates, stages in making as well as the scale model should be available for moderation.
- Any suitable material can be used to make the scale model.

3.5 Marking guidelines for Phase 2

ASSESSMENT OF THE MODEL OF THE DESK LAMP LEARNER'S NAME AND SURNAME:					
PLANNING	8–10	4–7	0–3	LM	
Evidence of research, drawings and dimensions on the preferred design of the base/stand					
Three designs of a desk lamp with base and stand with lamp shade with dimensions on the preferred design					
Schedule to show the stages and time frames					
TOTAL: 30					
MARKING AND CUTTING OUT OF MATERIAL	8–10	4–7	0–3	LM	
Drawing of development of the lampshade					
Marking and cutting out of material for the base					
Marking and cutting out of material for the stand					
Marking and cutting out of material for the lamp shade					
TOTAL: 40					
ASSEMBLY OF SCALE MODEL OF DESK LAMP WITH BASE, STAND AND LAMP SHADE	8–10	4–7	0–3	LM	
Joining of the parts of the desk lamp					
TOTAL: 10					
FINAL PRODUCT	4–5	2–3	0–1	LM	
Neatness and appearance of the final product					
The model is in proportion and according to scale					
TOTAL: 10					
INNOVATION AND CREATIVITY	4–5	2–3	0–1	LM	
The learner added features to improve the appearance and functionality of the desk lamp					
TOTAL: 5					
GENERAL ASPECTS	4–5	2–3	0–1	LM	
Adherence to deadlines					
TOTAL: 5					
		MARK OU			
CON	IVERTED	MARK O	JT OF 80:		

3.6 Composite mark sheet for Civil Services

		PHASE 1			PHASE 2 (MODEL)					TOTAL						
No.	NAME OF LEARNER	PHASE 1	MODERATED MARK	TOTAL: 20	PLANNING	MARKING OUT AND CUTTING OUT OF MATERIAL	ASSEMBLY OF SCALE MODEL	FINAL PRODUCT	INNOVATION AND CREATIVITY	GENERAL ASPECTS	TOTAL PHASE 2	MODERATED MARK	CONVERTED TOTAL	MODERATED MARK	GRAND TOTAL (P1 + P2)	MODERATED MARK
		20	20	20	30	40	10	10	5	5	100	100	80	80	100	100
1																
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8																
9																
10																
	TOTAL:				TOTAL:											

Signature of Teacher	Date	SCHOOL STAMP
Signature of Moderator	Date	

4.1 Absence/Non-submission of task (What are the consequences?)

The absence of a practical assessment task will be dealt with in accordance with the regulations as stipulated in the *National Policy on Protocol for Assessment Grades R–12* p. 6, chapter 3, paragraphs 7 and 8.

The *National Protocol for Assessment Grades R–12*, chapter 3, paragraph 8, subsection (4) clearly states that the absence of a practical assessment task mark will result in the candidate registered for that particular subject, receiving an incomplete result.

4.2 Requirements for presentation

The following should be presented by the candidate for assessment and moderation:

- Phase 1: Mark sheet with evidence
- Phase 2: Evidence of planning of the model
- Phase 2: A completed scale model
- The candidate's name and class must be clearly indicated on all components of the PAT.
- Completed declaration of authenticity with school stamp

The following document must be presented by the teacher for moderation:

 A composite mark sheet (one composite mark sheet comprising all candidates' names and marks for all phases)

4.3 Recommended time frames for the completion of the PAT

Term 1:

- Phase 1
- Phase 2 (part 1) (research, sketches, time frames)

Term 2:

Phase 2 (part 2) (making of scale model)

Term 3:

Phase 2 (part 3) (finishing of scale model)

The scale model to be manufactured in the classroom/workshop under teacher supervision.

Declaration of authenticity

NOTE: The learners

The learners should start with the scale model at the beginning of Term 2 and complete it by the end of September. The teacher should properly plan and manage the available resources so that all learners will be busy with some part of the tasks throughout the year.

4.4	Declaration of authenticity	
NAME (OF THE SCHOOL:	
NAME (OF LEARNER:	
NAME (OF TEACHER:	
		SCHOOL STAMP
	y declare that the practical asse I work and it has not been subm	ssment task submitted for assessment is my own, itted for moderation previously.
SIGNAT	TURE OF LEARNER	DATE (SUBMITTED)
	ny knowledge, the above declara ffered is his or her own.	tion by the candidate is true and I accept that the
SIGNA	TURE OF TEACHER	DATE

5. CONCLUSION

On completion of the practical assessment task learners should be able to demonstrate their understanding of the industry, enhance their knowledge, skills, values and reasoning abilities as well as establish connections to life outside the classroom and address real world challenges. The PAT furthermore develops learner's life skills and provides opportunities for learners to engage in their own learning.